

Biomass Resource Assessment Part II: Availability and Cost Analysis of Using Municipal Solid Waste Components as Alternative Fuel Sources for Power Generation

Co-Principal Investigator: Dr. Timothy Townsend
Co-Principal Investigator: Dr. Brajesh Dubey
Department of Environmental Engineering Sciences
College of Engineering
University of Florida, P.O. Box 116450
Gainesville, Florida 32611-6450

October, 2007

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The authors acknowledge the help and support of Gainesville Regional Utilities for their support on this project. Acknowledgement is also due to all the personnel and County representatives who provided valuable data which is included in this report.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of Figures	ii
List of Tables	iii
1. Introduction.....	5
1.1. Project Background and Scope	5
1.2. Tasks	5
1.3. Organization of the Report.....	6
2. Methodology	7
2.1. Fuel Source Analysis	7
2.2. Project Boundaries.....	7
2.3. Regional Waste Assessment	13
2.3.1. Sources.....	13
2.3.2. Generation.....	13
2.3.3. Projections.....	13
2.4. Economic Evaluation.....	13
2.5. Feasibility Analysis.....	19
3. Evaluation of potential waste fuel sources.....	20
3.1. Summary of Results.....	20
3.2. C&D Debris Wood Waste	23
3.3. MSW (Mass Burn and Refuse Derived Fuel).....	23
3.4. Tires	23
3.5. Yard Waste.....	24
4. C&D debris wood waste	25
4.1. Fuel Description.....	25
4.2. Current Management	25
4.3. Waste Projection	25
4.4. Feasibility Assessment.....	30
5. Municipal solid waste	53
5.1. Fuel Description.....	53
5.2. Current Management	54
5.3. Waste Projection	54
5.4. Feasibility Assessment.....	59
6. Yard waste	82
6.1. Fuel Description.....	82
6.2. Current Management	82
6.3. Waste Projection	82
6.4. Feasibility Assessment.....	86
7. Tires	110
7.1. Fuel Description.....	110
7.2. Current Management	110
7.3. Waste Projection	112
7.4. Feasibility Assessment.....	116
8. Summary	141
9. Literature cited and related reading materials.....	142

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2-1. Location of power plant facilities and counties within the study region.	8
Figure 7-1. Counties sending their waste tires to the Wheelabrator facility in Winter Haven, Polk County, Florida.	118

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2-1. List of counties included in the study with additional background data.....	9
Table 2-2. Distance (in miles) to the three power plant facilities from county waste collection centers.....	15
Table 2-3. Travel time (in minutes) to the three power plant facilities from county waste collection centers.....	17
Table 2-4. Average tipping fee and waste processing cost for waste components.....	18
Table 3-1. Summary of results from the literature review: heat value in Btu/lb for relevant waste components.....	21
Table 4-1. County level C&D wood waste projections (in tons) for the next 5 years.....	26
Table 4-2. County wide C&D debris wood waste projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.....	28
Table 4-3. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the Deerhaven facility.....	31
Table 4-4. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.....	35
Table 4-5. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the TAL Hopkins facility.....	39
Table 4-6. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time).....	43
Table 4-7. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)	45
Table 4-8. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time).....	46
Table 4-9. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)	48
Table 4-10. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time).....	49
Table 4-11. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)	51
Table 5-1. County level MSW (in tons) projections for the next 5 years.....	55
Table 5-2. County level MSW projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.	57
Table 5-3. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility.....	60
Table 5-4. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility ..	64
Table 5-5. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility.	68
Table 5-6. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time).....	72
Table 5-7. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)	74
Table 5-8. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time)	75
Table 5-9. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)	77
Table 5-10. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time)	78
Table 5-11. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand).....	80

Table 6-1. County level yard waste projections (in tons) for the next 5 years.....	83
Table 6-2. County level yard waste projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.....	85
Table 6-3. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility.	88
Table 6-4. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.....	92
Table 6-5. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility....	96
Table 6-6. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within 2-hour travel time).....	100
Table 6-7. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within 2-hour travel time with competing demand).....	102
Table 6-8. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the JAX Brandy Branch facility (within 2-hour travel time).	103
Table 6-9. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within 2-hour travel time with competing demand).	105
Table 6-10. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within 2-hour travel time).....	106
Table 6-11. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within 2-hour travel time with competing demand).	108
Table 7-1. Waste tire usage in different applications based on particle size.....	111
Table 7-2. Year 2006 estimated waste tire usage in Florida (in PTEs ¹).	112
Table 7-3. County level waste tire projections (in tons) for the next 5 years.....	113
Table 7-4. County level waste tire projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.	115
Table 7-5. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility.	119
Table 7-6. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.....	123
Table 7-7. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility... .	127
Table 7-8. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a travel time of 2-hours).	131
Table 7-9. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a travel time of 2-hours with competing demand).	133
Table 7-10. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the JAX Brandy Branch facility (within a travel time of 2-hours).	134
Table 7-11. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the JAX Brandy Branch facility (within a travel time of 2-hours with competing demand).	136
Table 7-12. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a travel time of 2-hours).	137
Table 7-13. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a travel time of 2-hours with competing demand).	139

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Project Background and Scope

Over the centuries, people have found ways to harness energy, such as using animals to do work or inventing machines to tap the power of wind or water. The industrialization of the modern world was accompanied by the widespread and growing use of fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas. In recent years, the emphasis has been on exploring the use of potential fuel sources from other items available in the environment (either natural or man made) and use it as an energy source. This debate has very recently gained momentum with the widespread talk of global warming and its impact on weather conditions. Fossil fuels are a major source of pollutants responsible for global warming as green house gases. One of the potential areas which have been discussed recently in the energy industry is the use of certain waste components from municipal solid waste (MSW) and construction and demolition debris (C&D), especially the ones with high calorific value as a fuel for power plants.

Gainesville Regional Utilities (GRU) contracted Prof Douglas Carter of the School of Forest Resources and Conservation at University of Florida to explore the use of alternative sources of fuel other than coal. The research project had two components, one exploring the use of woody biomass and the other exploring the potential fuel components from waste collected and managed by municipalities and counties. This document is focused on the work carried out for the second part of this project by Dr. Tim Townsend's research group at Department of Environmental Engineering Sciences, University of Florida. The project scope include the identification, availability, sustainability and economic feasibility of using the potential fuel from waste components of MSW and C&D streams in power plants as either a full or partial replacement of fossil fuel such as coal. Waste components from MSW and C&D were identified for their potential to be used as a fuel source for energy production. Examples from these waste streams includes: wood waste from C&D debris, refuse derived fuel from MSW, and other potential wastes (e.g., tires). The focus of this report is on the waste streams that are collected by the municipalities and counties.

1.2. Tasks

To accomplish the goal of the project, the research activities were divided into several tasks as presented in detail below. Activities for different tasks were carried out for several counties in

Florida, Georgia and Alabama. A maximum travel time of two hours from the three existing power plant facilities, Gainesville Deerhaven Facility, Jacksonville Brandy Branch Facility and Tallahassee Hopkins Facility, defined the geographic scope used to identify counties included in the study.

Task 1: The feasibility of using all these waste components as identified above was evaluated. A thorough detailed literature review was conducted to identify fuel sources and learn what has been done so far by others on this topic. The potential lessons that can be used in the context of local conditions specific to this project are identified.

Task 2: The amount and sources of these potential fuels as waste components were ascertained. The long term supply potential of these waste resources was evaluated.

Task 3: A cost analysis of alternative fuel sources in a ready to use form for GRU for the individual components was conducted. This includes transportation costs and any processing costs involved to make it usable.

Task 4: Potential environmental issues were evaluated, including contamination issues of waste components (e.g., contamination of C&D debris wood waste streams from wood preservative).

1.3. Organization of the Report

This report is organized in nine different chapters. Chapter 1 presents the introduction and background to this study. Chapter 2 presents the details of the methodology used for different tasks completed as a part of this study. Evaluation of potential waste fuel sources is summarized in Chapter 3. The subsequent Chapters (Chapters 4 through 7) present fuel descriptions, current management, waste projection and feasibility assessments for various potential waste components such as C&D debris wood waste, municipal solid waste, yard trash and tires. Chapter 8 provides a brief summary of the study and Chapter 9 lists the references cited in this report and additional pertinent reading material.

2. METHODOLOGY

2.1. Fuel Source Analysis

A detailed literature review was carried out to indentify the different waste components that have been used as a fuel source in different parts of the world. Literature review included journal articles (accessed through University of Florida library system) and various reports published on web by waste and energy industry and environmental organizations working in this area. Out of the various components identified from the literature, possible items that would be potential candidate as a fuel source for the geographical region of this project were identified and studied in detail. In addition to the literature survey, local professionals from the waste and energy industry were contacted and information was gathered from using telephone interviews regarding potential fuel candidates in this region.

2.2. Project Boundaries

The study was conducted focusing on the counties within a maximum travel distance of two hours from the three existing power plant facilities that are being targeted in this study. The plants include the Deerhaven Facility at Gainesville, the Brandy Branch Facility at Jacksonville, and the Hopkins Facility at Tallahassee (Figure 2-1). The locations of major solid waste management facilities in these regions have been identified and the distance from these facilities to the plant location has been used for calculating transportation costs. Table 2-1 presents the population, major cities, and the facility region for the various counties included in this study.

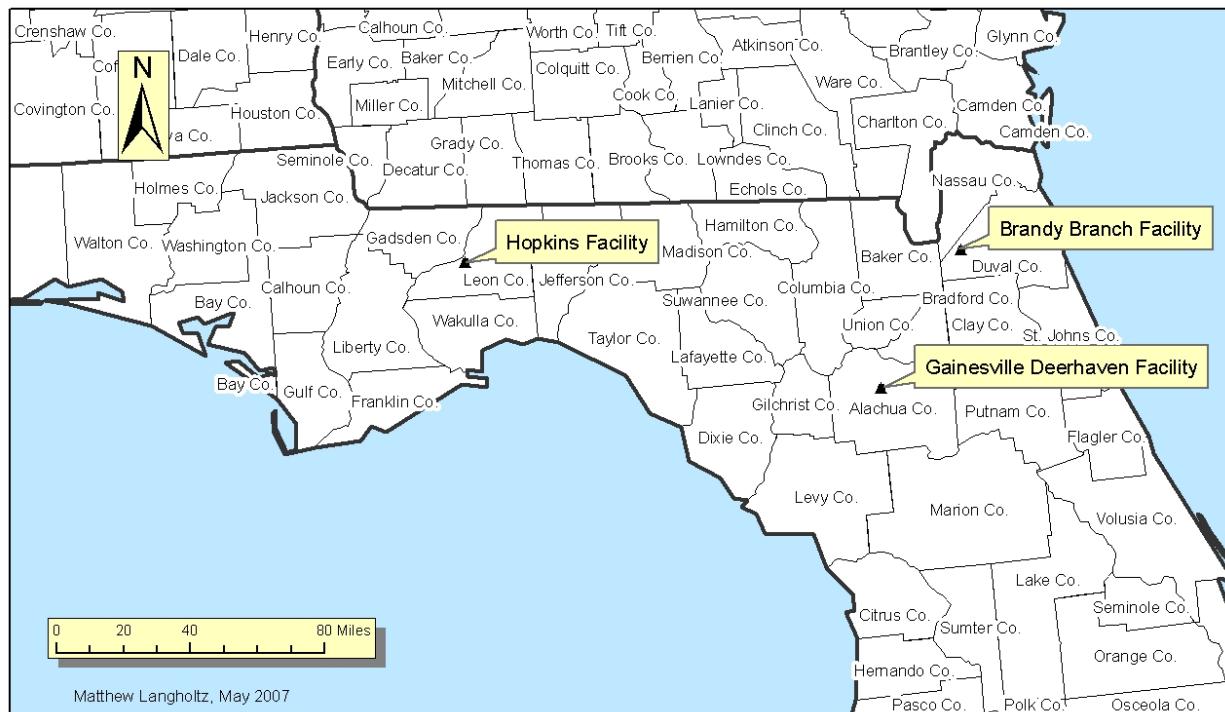


Figure 2-1. Location of power plant facilities and counties within the study region.

Table 2-1. List of counties included in the study with additional background data.

Name	State	Population (2007)	Major cities in the County
Alachua	Florida	249,223	Alachua, Archer, Gainesville, Hawthorne, High Springs, LaCrosse, Micanopy, Newberry, Waldo
Baker	Florida	24,415	Macclenny, Glen St. Mary, Sanderson, Taylor, Olustee, Baxter, Cuyler, Margarette, Manning
Bay	Florida	167,644	Callaway, Cedar Grove, Lynn Haven, Mexico Beach, Panama City, Panama City Beach, Parker, Springfield
Bradford	Florida	28,806	Brooker, Hampton, Lawty, Starke
Calhoun	Florida	14,412	Altha, Blountstown
Citrus	Florida	139,000	Crystal River, Inverness
Clay	Florida	181,346	Green Cove Springs, Keystone Heights, Orange Park, Penney Farms
Columbia	Florida	64,045	Fort White, Lake City
Dixie	Florida	16,113	Cross City, Horseshoe Beach, Old Town
Duval	Florida	837,964	Atlantic Beach, Jacksonville, Baldwin, Jacksonville Beach, Neptune Beach
Flagler	Florida	91,617	Beverly Beach, Bunnell, Flagler Beach, Marineland, Palm Coast
Franklin	Florida	11,577	Apalachicola, Carrabelle
Gadsden	Florida	48,971	Chattahoochee, Greensboro, Gretna, Havana, Midway, Quincy
Gilchrist	Florida	17,059	Bell, Fanning Springs, Trenton
Gulf	Florida	16,936	Port St. Joe, Wewahitchka
Hamilton	Florida	14,491	Jasper, Jennings, White Springs
Hernando	Florida	159,771	Brooksville, Weeki Wachee
Holmes	Florida	19,461	Bonifay, Esto, Noma, Ponce de Leon, Westville
Jackson	Florida	51,233	Cottondale, Graceville, Jacob, Malone, Marianna, Alford, Bascom, Campbellton, Grand Ridge, Greenwood, Sneads
Jefferson	Florida	14,549	Monticello
Lafayette	Florida	8,409	Mayo

Name	State	Population (2007)	Major cities in the County
Lake	Florida	283,992	Astatula, Clermont, Eustis, Fruitland Park, Groveland, Howey-In-The-Hills, Lady Lake, Leesburg, Mascotte, Minneola, Montverde, Mount Dora, Tavares, Umatilla
Leon	Florida	282,826	Tallahassee
Levy	Florida	39,484	Bronson, Cedar Key, Chiefland, Fanning Springs, Inglis, Otter Creek, Williston, Yankeetown
Liberty	Florida	7,849	Bristol
Madison	Florida	20,081	Madison, Greenville, Lee
Marion	Florida	325,188	Ocala, Belleview, Dunnellon, McIntosh, Reddick
Nassau	Florida	68,647	Callahan, Fernandina Beach, Hilliard, Yulee
Orange	Florida	1,104,543	Apopka, Belle Isle, Eatonville, Edgewood, Maitland, Oakland, Ocoee, Orlando, Windermere, Winter Garden, Winter Park, Bay Lake, lake Buena Vista
Pasco	Florida	433,896	Dade City, New Port Richey, Port Richey, San Antonio, St. Leo, Zephyrhills
Putnam	Florida	74,981	Crescent City, Interlachen, Palatka, Pomona Park, Welaka
St. Johns	Florida	171,666	Hastings, Marineland, St. Augustine, St. Augustine Beach
Sumter	Florida	84,264	Bushnell, Center Hill, Coleman, Webster, Wildwood
Suwannee	Florida	39,560	Branford, Live Oak
Taylor	Florida	19,842	Perry
Union	Florida	15,693	Lake Butler, Raiford, Worthington Springs
Volusia	Florida	515,177	Daytona Beach Shores, Daytona Beach, DeBary, DeLand, Deltona, Edgewater, Holly Hill, Lake Helen, New Smyrna Beach, Oak Hill, Orange City, Ormond Beach, Pierson, Ponce Inlet, Port Orange, South Daytona
Wakulla	Florida	29,566	Sopchopy, St. Marks
Walton	Florida	52,270	De Funiak Springs, Freeport, Paxton
Washington	Florida	24,514	Chipley, Caryville, Ebro, Sunny Hills Vernon, Wausau

Name	State	Population (2007)	Major cities in the County
Baker	Georgia	4,074	Newton
Brantley	Georgia	14,629	Hoboken and Nahunta
Brooks	Georgia	16,450	Morven and Quitman
Calhoun	Georgia	6,320	Arlington, Edison, Leary and Morgan
Camden	Georgia	43,664	Kingsland, St. Marys and Woodbine
Charlton	Georgia	10,282	Folkston and Homeland
Clinch	Georgia	6,878	Argyle, Dupont, Fargo and Homerville
Colquitt	Georgia	42,053	Berlin, Doerun, Ellenton, Funston, Moultrie, Norman Park and Riverside
Cook	Georgia	15,771	Adel, Cecil, Lenox and Sparks
Decatur	Georgia	28,240	Attapulgus, Bainbridge, Brinson and Climax
Dougherty	Georgia	96,065	Albany
Early	Georgia	12,354	Blakely, Damascus and Jakin
Echols	Georgia	3,754	Statenville
Glynn	Georgia	67,568	Brunswick
Grady	Georgia	23,659	Cairo and Whigham
Lanier	Georgia	7,241	Lakeland
Lowndes	Georgia	92,115	Dasher, Hahira, Lake Park, Remerton and Valdosta
McIntosh	Georgia	10,847	Darien
Miller	Georgia	6,383	Colquitt
Mitchell	Georgia	23,932	Baconton, Camilla, Pelham and Sale City
Pierce	Georgia	15,636	Blackshear, Patterson
Seminole	Georgia	9,369	Donalsonville and Iron City
Thomas	Georgia	42,737	Barwick, Boston, Coolidge, Meigs, Ochlocknee, Pavo and Thomasville

Name	State	Population (2007)	Major cities in the County
Ware	Georgia	35,483	Waycross
Wayne	Georgia	26,565	Jesup, Odum, Screven
Worth	Georgia	21,967	Sylvester, Poulan, Sumner, Warwick, Oakfield, Doles, Anderson City, Bridgeboro, Isabella, Shingler, Scooterville
Geneva	Alabama	25,764	Black, Coffee Springs, Eunola, Geneva, Hartford, Malvern, Samson, Slocomb
Henry	Alabama	16,310	Abbeville, Haleburg, Dothan, Headland, Newville
Houston	Alabama	88,787	Ashford, Avon, Columbia, Cottonwood, Cowarts, Dothan, Gordon, Kinsey, Madrid, Rehobeth, Taylor, Webb

2.3. Regional Waste Assessment

An assessment of waste types was carried out for each county. In this report data for each county is presented separately.

2.3.1. Sources

The different waste components from the MSW and C&D debris waste streams were identified from waste composition charts. Different waste professionals were also contacted to identify region/county specific potential waste streams which could be used as a fuel source.

2.3.2. Generation

To assess how much of a fuel source (as a waste item) is being generated in the region; the available data from previous studies (e.g., Annual Solid Waste Reports published by Department of Environmental Protection) were used. The steps involved in collecting data related to waste generation rates, waste composition and population for each county included in the study.

2.3.3. Projections

Future waste production projections were made for the next 5 years (2007 to 2012). This was accomplished by collecting projected population data from US Census Bureau statistics for the counties included in the study region. Waste generation rates and waste composition were assumed to be constant during this duration. A spreadsheet was developed for calculating waste components for different years. The detail for each waste component is presented in the relevant section later in this document.

2.4. Economic Evaluation

A cost assessment for each fuel source in a region was carried out. Important cost components were evaluated for each item. These include the tipping fee for the waste components in the region, the cost of transportation from the source of waste collection for that county to the power plant site and the processing costs required to make the waste usable as a fuel. Incorporating the energy potential value (Btu/lb) of the waste component, the cost of each item in the county was calculated in \$/MMBtu (million Btu). For transportation costs, the distance between the three power plants and the solid waste collection point in the county was calculated (Table 2-2). The time required for transport from the waste collection facility to a power plant using least time routes was ascertained using the website www.mapquest.com.

(Table 2-3). The solid waste collection point for a county is either the transfer station in the county, or the active landfill site. In some cases, it is the active solid waste facility outside of the county where the waste is taken directly (e.g. Landfill or waste to energy (WTE) facility) rather than first going to an in county facility (e.g. transfer station). It is assumed here that all the wastes produced in the county are being collected at that particular specific location. For calculating the cost of waste processing, the average values gathered from telephone interviews with waste professionals throughout the region was used (Table 2-4). For the cost calculations, only the expenses to be made in terms of processing the waste components and the transportation cost has been included. The possible income from the tipping fee is not taken into consideration. To assess the transportation cost of the waste components, mode of transportation was assumed to be truck loads with a unit cost of \$.11 per ton-mile (this value was used by the Black and Veach study of October 2006). The cost results for individual components are presented in subsequent chapters.

Table 2-2. Distance (in miles) to the three power plant facilities from county waste collection centers.

County	State	GRU Deerhaven	JEA Brandy Branch	TAL Hopkins
Alachua	Florida	9	54	159
Baker	Florida	55	23	135
Bay	Florida	266	272	126
Bradford	Florida	37	32	164
Calhoun	Florida	149	154	4
Citrus	Florida	79	122	221
Clay	Florida	60	44	192
Columbia	Florida	51	48	112
Dixie	Florida	44	109	114
Duval	Florida	63	8	157
Flagler	Florida	81	87	239
Franklin	Florida	208	214	72
Gadsden	Florida	167	171	24
Gilchrist	Florida	35	100	151
Gulf	Florida	243	249	97
Hamilton	Florida	67	73	106
Hernando	Florida	109	152	187
Holmes	Florida	234	239	91
Jackson	Florida	225	232	86
Jefferson	Florida	105	110	53
Lafayette	Florida	60	96	102
Lake	Florida	99	142	241
Leon	Florida	135	141	11
Levy	Florida	48	93	137
Liberty	Florida	185	190	33
Madison	Florida	105	110	53
Marion	Florida	58	92	200
Nassau	Florida	79	25	178
Orange	Florida	137	167	279
Pasco	Florida	139	182	281
Putnam	Florida	56	67	206
St. Johns	Florida	85	65	213
Sumter	Florida	80	123	222
Suwannee	Florida	66	71	97
Taylor	Florida	93	135	71
Union	Florida	47	28	153
Volusia	Florida	111	112	260
Wakulla	Florida	164	170	24

County	State	GRU Deerhaven	JEA Brandy Branch	TAL Hopkins
Walton	Florida	267	272	124
Washington	Florida	229	234	86
Baker	Georgia	185	190	75
Brantley	Georgia	119	71	215
Brooks	Georgia	116	120	67
Calhoun	Georgia	214	220	92
Camden	Georgia	116	60	214
Charlton	Georgia	97	50	192
Clinch	Georgia	135	88	121
Colquitt	Georgia	141	147	66
Cook	Georgia	121	127	83
Decatur	Georgia	185	190	42
Dougherty	Georgia	178	185	92
Early	Georgia	224	229	81
Echols	Georgia	90	78	114
Glynn	Georgia	145	91	239
Grady	Georgia	170	177	32
Lanier	Georgia	99	104	85
Lowndes	Georgia	100	106	79
McIntosh	Georgia	164	108	263
Miller	Georgia	203	209	67
Mitchell	Georgia	164	171	63
Pierce	Georgia	147	92	155
Seminole	Georgia	203	209	67
Thomas	Georgia	138	144	41
Ware	Georgia	97	50	192
Wayne	Georgia	142	93	186
Worth	Georgia	141	147	65
Henry	Alabama	273	254	112
Houston	Alabama	203	209	71
Geneva	Alabama	254	261	110

Table 2-3. Travel time (in minutes) to the three power plant facilities from county waste collection centers.

County	State	GRU Deerhaven	JEA Brandy Branch	TAL Hopkins
Alachua	Florida	18	69	154
Baker	Florida	67	23	122
Bay	Florida	266	272	147
Bradford	Florida	51	36	161
Calhoun	Florida	174	167	9
Citrus	Florida	95	150	218
Clay	Florida	78	50	181
Columbia	Florida	52	50	108
Dixie	Florida	52	127	118
Duval	Florida	76	8	140
Flagler	Florida	123	96	230
Franklin	Florida	222	228	99
Gadsden	Florida	152	155	31
Gilchrist	Florida	49	100	148
Gulf	Florida	255	261	136
Hamilton	Florida	68	76	110
Hernando	Florida	119	175	231
Holmes	Florida	208	210	66
Jackson	Florida	209	215	90
Jefferson	Florida	95	98	52
Lafayette	Florida	83	105	111
Lake	Florida	99	165	233
Leon	Florida	129	135	23
Levy	Florida	69	128	170
Liberty	Florida	173	176	46
Madison	Florida	95	98	52
Marion	Florida	68	117	192
Nassau	Florida	103	33	155
Orange	Florida	134	161	257
Pasco	Florida	145	200	268
Putnam	Florida	72	85	204
St. Johns	Florida	112	67	198
Sumter	Florida	79	134	202
Suwannee	Florida	63	66	91
Taylor	Florida	105	134	73
Union	Florida	62	34	145
Volusia	Florida	120	101	232
Wakulla	Florida	160	182	33

County	State	GRU Deerhaven	JEA Brandy Branch	TAL Hopkins
Walton	Florida	240	240	117
Washington	Florida	205	207	83
Baker	Georgia	187	190	97
Brantley	Georgia	163	94	231
Brooks	Georgia	109	112	83
Calhoun	Georgia	228	234	130
Camden	Georgia	135	70	208
Charlton	Georgia	131	69	200
Clinch	Georgia	133	113	142
Colquitt	Georgia	150	155	90
Cook	Georgia	112	118	119
Decatur	Georgia	174	177	52
Dougherty	Georgia	178	185	133
Early	Georgia	227	229	95
Echols	Georgia	100	93	130
Glynn	Georgia	153	86	217
Grady	Georgia	172	178	55
Lanier	Georgia	91	94	101
Lowndes	Georgia	96	102	101
McIntosh	Georgia	175	109	247
Miller	Georgia	212	218	96
Mitchell	Georgia	173	180	94
Pierce	Georgia	174	107	189
Seminole	Georgia	212	218	96
Thomas	Georgia	140	147	55
Ware	Georgia	131	69	199
Wayne	Georgia	191	121	241
Worth	Georgia	150	155	90
Henry	Alabama	270	265	115
Houston	Alabama	212	218	96
Geneva	Alabama	230	240	90

Table 2-4. Average tipping fee and waste processing cost for waste components.

Item	Tipping fee (\$/ton)	Processing cost (\$/ton)
MSW	50-60	40
C&D	20-30	20
Yard trash	15-20	20
Tires	\$1 per passenger car	50
	\$3 per truck tire	50

2.5. Feasibility Analysis

The feasibility of a particular fuel source was ascertained for the different regions identified for the facilities. It was done by assessing the availability of the source, the amount available, future availability, and cost. Any other potential site and item specific constraints were also taken into account in the feasibility analysis for that fuel source.

3. EVALUATION OF POTENTIAL WASTE FUEL SOURCES

3.1. Summary of Results

As described in the previous chapter, a literature review was conducted to evaluate the different potential fuel sources in the waste components. The literature review included journal articles, industry reports and relevant study reports of environmental organizations. Table 3.1 presents a summary of heat values (in Btu/lb) for the different waste components reported in these studies. The heat value was converted to the unit of Btu/lb for several studies as the value was available in different units (mostly in SI units). The potential waste fuel sources include the dry plant matter (yard waste), waste wood, municipal solid waste as mass burn and also as a refuse derived fuel. Some studies also report the incineration of MSW components after segregation. Other fuels reported in the literature include tires among others.

Table 3-1. Summary of results from the literature review: heat value in Btu/lb for relevant waste components.

Study	Dry Plant Matter	Wood	MSW (mass burn)	Paper	Plastic	Tires	RDF
Demirbas (2001)	4,200						
Chaya and Gheewala (2007)			2,225-2,638				
Schmidt et al. (2006)				5,430			
Giugliano et al. (2007)		7,043		5,016	9,835		
Koop and Dichtl (2001) (as referenced in Lee and Tay 2004)							
Fobil et al. (2005)			6,034-8,620				
Murphy and Power (2007)				7,650-7,750			
Consonni et al. (2005)		5,980		5,700	11,280		
Sharma et al. (1998)						13,500-14,400	
Corti and Lombardi (2004)			4,700				
Wolskey and Gaines (1981)					15,000		
Jang et al. (1998)						12,000-16,000	

Study	Dry Plant Matter	Wood	MSW (mass burn)	Paper	Plastic	Tires	RDF
Di Maria and Pavesi (2006)							6,766-7,522
Reddy et al. (2005)				5,271-6,237	10,788- 11,926		
Sufian and Bala (2006)			2,590				
Kaylen (2005)			4,500-5,000	6500	15,000	14,000	
Igoni et al. (2007)				3,125			
Kiser and Burton (1992)	4,200-7,000	4,700-7,000	5,000-5,200	7,200-8,000	9,500-18,000		5,700-6,200

3.2. C&D Debris Wood Waste

Wood has been used as a fuel source since the beginning of human civilization in different forms. Wood waste included in the present study is the component available in the C&D debris waste stream. The majority of wood waste disposed of in the southeast US is made up of C&D debris. These wastes are produced as scrap from construction activities and results from the demolition of existing structures. It also includes, as a prominent component, disaster debris as a result of, for example, a hurricane or other natural disaster. Most of these wood wastes are disposed of through C&D debris recycling facilities or put in an unlined C&D debris landfill. In the C&D debris recycling facility the wood waste is either converted to mulch or chipped to be used as a boiler fuel.

3.3. MSW (Mass Burn and Refuse Derived Fuel)

MSW is usually burned as it is after some preliminary steps (mass burn). However, at some plants refuse derived fuel (RDF) is used. RDF is a fuel produced by shredding MSW or steam pressure treating in an autoclave. RDF consists largely of organic components of municipal waste such as plastics and biodegradable waste (paper, food waste, textiles. etc). RDF processing facilities are normally located near a source of MSW. RDF can be produced and used for energy production from the day to day waste components disposed of from domestic and industrial areas. RDF is produced essentially to facilitate the burning of the waste.

3.4. Tires

Tires can be used as a fuel alternative. Combustion facilities currently using tires as fuel include: (1) power plants; (2) tire manufacturing plants; (3) cement kilns; (4) pulp and paper plants; and (5) small package steam generators. In order to prevent discarded automobile tires from damaging the environment, it is highly desirable to recycle this material. However, the total mass quantity of tires currently recycled in a given year (not including reuse, retreading, or combustion) is less than 7% of the annual tire production rate. The number of tires produced each year will continue to far exceed the demand for scrap and used tires. Only a small portion of waste tires are retreaded, and a very small portion is devulcanized by tedious processes. Tires that are not recycled or reused are usually shredded and disposed of in landfills, or stockpiled whole. Stockpiling whole tires creates two significant hazards: mosquitoes and fires.

3.5. Yard Waste

Yard waste is defined as the part of solid waste composed of vegetative matter resulting from landscaping maintenance or land clearing operations and includes materials such as tree and shrub trimmings, grass clippings, palm fronds, trees and tree stumps (Chapter 62-701, Florida Administrative Code). In Florida yard waste is banned from disposal in lined landfill facilities. It is collected either by separate curbside collection or by the use of drop off facilities where a resident can go and drop off the yard waste. Disposal pathways for yard waste include: mulch, composting/co-composting, tilled into the soil, and combustion.

4. C&D DEBRIS WOOD WASTE

4.1. Fuel Description

Construction and demolition debris wood waste represents a large component of the US waste stream. Such wood is also combustible and a renewable resource and thus represents a possible sustainable fuel source. Currently, the reuse and recycling of C&D debris wood waste in the US is limited by economics. It is simply less expensive to utilize new wood, alternative fuels, or alternative materials for applications for which waste wood can be used. Recycling of C&D debris wood is also hindered by contaminants found in wood, including paints (including lead-based paint), adhesives, and chemical preservatives (especially chromate copper arsenate). As a fuel source, wood from construction is more widely accepted than demolition wood as it is generally cleaner and relatively easier to separate for contaminants.

4.2. Current Management

The method by which structures and materials are removed from service plays a large role in its management. Demolition typically involves the removal of a structure in bulk using heavy equipment without attempts to recover reusable materials. Prior to 1990 wood waste recycling was extremely limited (US EPA 1998). Today the current market for wood waste (both C&D debris waste wood and virgin waste wood) is dominated by mulch and fuel applications (US EPA 1998). C&D debris waste wood is particularly attractive as a fuel because of its low moisture content (US EPA 2005b). Other smaller applications include reuse for other applications requiring dimensional wood, use of wood as a composting agent, animal bedding, or for the manufacture of particleboard or fiberboard. The major disposal pathway as of date for C&D wood waste stream is through a C&D debris recycling facility (converted to mulch or boiler fuel) or the disposal in C&D debris landfills. In the region of the present study most of the C&D debris wood waste is disposed of in unlined C&D landfills.

4.3. Waste Projection

For the C&D debris wood waste projection in the study area, the quantity of wood waste was calculated using the values reported by the various counties for total C&D waste generation. It is assumed that 20% of total C&D debris waste is composed of wood based on typical values found in the literature (details presented in the appendix). The amount of C&D debris wood waste

produced at different counties within the region of the study was projected using the projected population data and rate of wood waste production (Table 4-1).

Table 4-1. County level C&D wood waste projections (in tons) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	14,140	14,364	14,581	14,794	15,017	15,238
Baker	Florida	156	159	162	165	167	169
Bay	Florida	11,714	11,903	12,083	12,257	12,435	12,611
Bradford	Florida	309	313	316	319	322	325
Calhoun	Florida	72	73	73	74	74	75
Citrus	Florida	18,929	19,328	19,708	20,078	20,463	20,841
Clay	Florida	4,186	4,315	4,442	4,566	4,690	4,812
Columbia	Florida	2,294	2,346	2,400	2,453	2,495	2,536
Dixie	Florida	2,099	2,141	2,176	2,211	2,250	2,289
Duval	Florida	82,132	83,436	84,696	85,931	87,228	88,510
Flagler	Florida	21,420	22,527	23,463	24,306	25,448	26,578
Franklin	Florida	566	589	612	633	643	651
Gadsden	Florida	862	870	877	882	889	895
Gilchrist	Florida	145	149	154	158	162	166
Gulf	Florida	1,065	1,076	1,085	1,093	1,102	1,112
Hamilton	Florida	352	355	359	363	366	368
Hernando	Florida	14,985	15,331	15,645	15,942	16,289	16,632
Holmes	Florida	95	95	96	97	98	98
Jackson	Florida	232	236	239	241	243	245
Jefferson	Florida	212	214	216	218	220	222
Lafayette	Florida	73	74	74	74	74	75
Lake	Florida	38,457	39,806	41,119	42,406	43,706	44,990
Leon	Florida	50,237	51,103	51,902	52,657	53,563	54,460
Levy	Florida	877	898	920	942	961	979
Liberty	Florida	122	123	123	124	125	126
Madison	Florida	446	450	454	458	461	465
Marion	Florida	12,471	12,817	13,144	13,458	13,794	14,125
Nassau	Florida	3,037	3,123	3,216	3,313	3,390	3,466
Orange	Florida	149,995	154,221	158,450	162,652	166,647	170,582
Pasco	Florida	59,000	60,474	61,800	63,044	64,546	66,030
Putnam	Florida	2,614	2,636	2,660	2,683	2,704	2,726
St. Johns	Florida	10,181	10,573	10,949	11,316	11,697	12,075
Sumter	Florida	3,212	3,336	3,433	3,514	3,647	3,780

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Suwannee	Florida	862	880	900	920	937	953
Taylor	Florida	175	178	180	183	186	188
Union	Florida	117	119	120	121	123	124
Volusia	Florida	81,799	83,402	84,986	86,545	88,067	89,563
Wakulla	Florida	484	505	525	544	560	574
Walton	Florida	18,791	19,089	19,377	19,660	19,957	20,250
Washington	Florida	201	207	213	218	222	225
Baker	Georgia	86	87	88	89	90	91
Brantley	Georgia	352	363	375	387	399	412
Brooks	Georgia	333	335	337	339	342	344
Calhoun	Georgia	146	150	154	158	162	166
Camden	Georgia	1,143	1,194	1,248	1,304	1,362	1,423
Charlton	Georgia	229	234	239	244	249	254
Clinch	Georgia	144	145	147	149	151	152
Colquitt	Georgia	898	911	925	938	952	966
Cook	Georgia	342	348	354	360	367	373
Decatur	Georgia	586	592	599	605	612	618
Dougherty	Georgia	1,855	1,855	1,856	1,856	1,857	1,857
Early	Georgia	245	246	247	248	249	250
Echols	Georgia	109	116	123	131	139	147
Glynn	Georgia	1,378	1,389	1,400	1,412	1,423	1,435
Grady	Georgia	512	520	529	538	547	556
Lanier	Georgia	173	178	184	189	195	201
Lowndes	Georgia	2,057	2,100	2,145	2,190	2,237	2,284
McIntosh	Georgia	250	256	263	269	276	283
Miller	Georgia	124	125	125	125	125	125
Mitchell	Georgia	523	532	542	551	561	572
Pierce	Georgia	340	346	352	358	364	370
Seminole	Georgia	186	186	187	188	189	189
Thomas	Georgia	881	890	899	907	916	925
Ware	Georgia	684	684	684	684	684	684
Wayne	Georgia	583	594	606	617	629	640
Worth	Georgia	458	463	468	474	479	484
Henry	Alabama	125	127	128	130	132	133
Houston	Alabama	148	150	152	154	156	158
Geneva	Alabama	805	806	816	826	837	848

Table 4-2 presents the energy value of the C&D debris wood waste projection in potential Btu of energy if all the wood produced is used as fuel. A value of 5,850 Btu/lb was used for the energy conversion. This value is the average heat value from the two studies related to wood combustion as presented in the previous chapter.

Table 4-2. County wide C&D debris wood waste projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	165.4	168.1	170.6	173.1	175.7	178.3
Baker	Florida	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0
Bay	Florida	137.0	139.3	141.4	143.4	145.5	147.5
Bradford	Florida	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8
Calhoun	Florida	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Citrus	Florida	221.5	226.1	230.6	234.9	239.4	243.8
Clay	Florida	49.0	50.5	52.0	53.4	54.9	56.3
Columbia	Florida	26.8	27.4	28.1	28.7	29.2	29.7
Dixie	Florida	24.6	25.0	25.5	25.9	26.3	26.8
Duval	Florida	960.9	976.2	990.9	1005.4	1020.6	1035.6
Flagler	Florida	250.6	263.6	274.5	284.4	297.7	311.0
Franklin	Florida	6.6	6.9	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.6
Gadsden	Florida	10.1	10.2	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.5
Gilchrist	Florida	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
Gulf	Florida	12.5	12.6	12.7	12.8	12.9	13.0
Hamilton	Florida	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3
Hernando	Florida	175.3	179.4	183.1	186.5	190.6	194.6
Holmes	Florida	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Jackson	Florida	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9
Jefferson	Florida	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6
Lafayette	Florida	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Lake	Florida	449.9	465.7	481.1	496.1	511.4	526.4
Leon	Florida	587.8	597.9	607.3	616.1	626.7	637.2
Levy	Florida	10.3	10.5	10.8	11.0	11.2	11.5
Liberty	Florida	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Madison	Florida	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4
Marion	Florida	145.9	150.0	153.8	157.5	161.4	165.3
Nassau	Florida	35.5	36.5	37.6	38.8	39.7	40.6
Orange	Florida	1754.9	1804.4	1853.9	1903.0	1949.8	1995.8

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Pasco	Florida	690.3	707.5	723.1	737.6	755.2	772.5
Putnam	Florida	30.6	30.8	31.1	31.4	31.6	31.9
St. Johns	Florida	119.1	123.7	128.1	132.4	136.9	141.3
Sumter	Florida	37.6	39.0	40.2	41.1	42.7	44.2
Suwannee	Florida	10.1	10.3	10.5	10.8	11.0	11.2
Taylor	Florida	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2
Union	Florida	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
Volusia	Florida	957.0	975.8	994.3	1012.6	1030.4	1047.9
Wakulla	Florida	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.5	6.7
Walton	Florida	219.8	223.3	226.7	230.0	233.5	236.9
Washington	Florida	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6
Baker	Georgia	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
Brantley	Georgia	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8
Brooks	Georgia	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0
Calhoun	Georgia	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
Camden	Georgia	13.4	14.0	14.6	15.3	15.9	16.6
Charlton	Georgia	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0
Clinch	Georgia	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8
Colquitt	Georgia	10.5	10.7	10.8	11.0	11.1	11.3
Cook	Georgia	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
Decatur	Georgia	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.2
Dougherty	Georgia	21.7	21.7	21.7	21.7	21.7	21.7
Early	Georgia	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Echols	Georgia	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7
Glynn	Georgia	16.1	16.3	16.4	16.5	16.7	16.8
Grady	Georgia	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.5
Lanier	Georgia	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
Lowndes	Georgia	24.1	24.6	25.1	25.6	26.2	26.7
McIntosh	Georgia	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3
Miller	Georgia	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Mitchell	Georgia	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.7
Pierce	Georgia	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.3
Seminole	Georgia	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Thomas	Georgia	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.8
Ware	Georgia	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Wayne	Georgia	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.5
Worth	Georgia	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7
Henry	Alabama	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Houston	Alabama	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Geneva	Alabama	9.4	9.4	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.9

4.4. Feasibility Assessment

From the projected energy values from the C&D debris wood waste in various counties (from Table 4-2), a region specific calculation for the three facilities were completed. Within a specific region wood waste is collected at several C&D debris recycling facilities or is disposed of in a C&D debris landfill. The processing cost of C&D wood waste for fuel applications is approximately \$20/metric ton (personal communication, Florida Wood Recycling, Town of Medley, 2007). The transportation cost was calculated based on the distance from the C&D disposal facility in the region and the corresponding nearest power plant facility. Tables 4-3 thru 4-5 present the delivered cost per MMBtu for the C&D wood waste from the different counties to the three power generation units targeted in this study. The scenario of all the waste from a specific county being available for all the three facilities is being presented (i.e., with no competing demand between facilities considered). The data calculation has been shown only for the year 2007. Similar calculations can be performed for other years. The major part of the cost is from the processing of waste before its use as fuel. As mentioned before in this document, the income from tipping fees has not been included in this calculation. The other two scenarios for the three facilities one considering two hour travel time from the waste collection center to the power plant (with no competing demand) and the other considering the 2-hour travel time with competing demand (and assuming that the waste goes to the nearest facility in case of two or more facilities being within a travel time range of 2-hour is presented for the three facilities in Table 4-6 thru 4-11.

Table 4-3. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the Deerhaven facility.

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	14140	165.4	18	9.2	20	1	21.0	1.80
Baker	Florida	156	1.8	67	55	20	6	26.1	2.23
Bay	Florida	11714	137.0	266	266	20	29	49.3	4.21
Bradford	Florida	309	3.6	51	37	20	4	24.1	2.06
Calhoun	Florida	72	0.8	174	149	20	16	36.4	3.11
Citrus	Florida	18929	221.5	95	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
Clay	Florida	4186	49.0	78	60	20	7	26.6	2.27
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	52	51	20	6	25.6	2.19
Dixie	Florida	2099	24.6	52	44	20	5	24.8	2.12
Duval	Florida	82132	960.9	76	63	20	7	26.9	2.30
Flagler	Florida	21420	250.6	123	81	20	9	28.9	2.47
Franklin	Florida	566	6.6	222	208	20	23	42.9	3.66
Gadsden	Florida	862	10.1	152	167	20	18	38.4	3.28
Gilchrist	Florida	145	1.7	49	35	20	4	23.9	2.04
Gulf	Florida	1065	12.5	255	243	20	27	46.7	3.99
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	68	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Hernando	Florida	14985	175.3	119	109	20	12	32.0	2.73
Holmes	Florida	95	1.1	208	234	20	26	45.7	3.91
Jackson	Florida	232	2.7	209	225	20	25	44.8	3.82
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	95	105	20	12	31.6	2.70
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	83	60	20	7	26.6	2.27

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	38457	449.9	99	99	20	11	30.9	2.64
Leon	Florida	50237	587.8	129	135	20	15	34.9	2.98
Levy	Florida	877	10.3	69	48	20	5	25.3	2.16
Liberty	Florida	122	1.4	173	185	20	20	40.4	3.45
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	95	105	20	12	31.6	2.70
Marion	Florida	12471	145.9	68	58	20	6	26.4	2.25
Nassau	Florida	3037	35.5	103	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
Orange	Florida	149995	1754.9	134	137	20	15	35.1	3.00
Pasco	Florida	59000	690.3	145	139	20	15	35.3	3.02
Putnam	Florida	2614	30.6	72	56	20	6	26.2	2.24
St. Johns	Florida	10181	119.1	112	85	20	9	29.4	2.51
Sumter	Florida	3212	37.6	79	80	20	9	28.8	2.46
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	63	66	20	7	27.3	2.33
Taylor	Florida	175	2.0	105	93	20	10	30.2	2.58
Union	Florida	117	1.4	62	47	20	5	25.2	2.15
Volusia	Florida	81799	957.0	120	111	20	12	32.2	2.75
Wakulla	Florida	484	5.7	160	164	20	18	38.0	3.25
Walton	Florida	18791	219.8	240	267	20	29	49.4	4.22
Washington	Florida	201	2.4	205	229	20	25	45.2	3.86
Baker	Georgia	86	1.0	187	185	20	20	40.4	3.45
Brantley	Georgia	352	4.1	163	119	20	13	33.1	2.83
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	109	116	20	13	32.8	2.80

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	146	1.7	228	214	20	24	43.5	3.72
Camden	Georgia	1143	13.4	135	116	20	13	32.8	2.80
Charlton	Georgia	229	2.7	131	97	20	11	30.7	2.62
Clinch	Georgia	144	1.7	133	135	20	15	34.9	2.98
Colquitt	Georgia	898	10.5	150	141	20	16	35.5	3.04
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	112	121	20	13	33.3	2.85
Decatur	Georgia	586	6.9	174	185	20	20	40.4	3.45
Dougherty	Georgia	1855	21.7	178	178	20	20	39.6	3.38
Early	Georgia	245	2.9	227	224	20	25	44.6	3.82
Echols	Georgia	109	1.3	100	90	20	10	29.9	2.56
Glynn	Georgia	1378	16.1	153	145	20	16	36.0	3.07
Grady	Georgia	512	6.0	172	170	20	19	38.7	3.31
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	91	99	20	11	30.9	2.64
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	96	100	20	11	31.0	2.65
McIntosh	Georgia	250	2.9	175	164	20	18	38.0	3.25
Miller	Georgia	124	1.5	212	203	20	22	42.3	3.62
Mitchell	Georgia	523	6.1	173	164	20	18	38.0	3.25
Pierce	Georgia	340	4.0	174	147	20	16	36.2	3.09
Seminole	Georgia	186	2.2	212	203	20	22	42.3	3.62
Thomas	Georgia	881	10.3	140	138	20	15	35.2	3.01
Ware	Georgia	684	8.0	131	97	20	11	30.7	2.62
Wayne	Georgia	583	6.8	191	142	20	16	35.6	3.04

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	458	5.4	150	141	20	16	35.5	3.04
Henry	Alabama	125	1.5	270	273	20	30	50.0	4.28
Houston	Alabama	148	1.7	212	203	20	22	42.3	3.62
Geneva	Alabama	805	9.4	230	254	20	28	47.9	4.10

Table 4-4. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	14140	165.4	69	53.5	20	6	25.9	2.21
Baker	Florida	156	1.8	23	23	20	3	22.5	1.93
Bay	Florida	11714	137.0	272	272	20	30	49.9	4.27
Bradford	Florida	309	3.6	36	32	20	4	23.5	2.01
Calhoun	Florida	72	0.8	167	154	20	17	36.9	3.16
Citrus	Florida	18929	221.5	150	122	20	13	33.4	2.86
Clay	Florida	4186	49.0	50	44	20	5	24.8	2.12
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	50	48	20	5	25.3	2.16
Dixie	Florida	2099	24.6	127	109	20	12	32.0	2.73
Duval	Florida	82132	960.9	8	8	20	1	20.9	1.78
Flagler	Florida	21420	250.6	96	87	20	10	29.6	2.53
Franklin	Florida	566	6.6	228	214	20	24	43.5	3.72
Gadsden	Florida	862	10.1	155	171	20	19	38.8	3.32
Gilchrist	Florida	145	1.7	100	100	20	11	31.0	2.65
Gulf	Florida	1065	12.5	261	249	20	27	47.4	4.05
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	76	73	20	8	28.0	2.40
Hernando	Florida	14985	175.3	175	152	20	17	36.7	3.14
Holmes	Florida	95	1.1	210	239	20	26	46.3	3.96
Jackson	Florida	232	2.7	215	232	20	26	45.5	3.89
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.74
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	105	96	20	11	30.6	2.61

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	38457	449.9	165	142	20	16	35.6	3.04
Leon	Florida	50237	587.8	135	141	20	16	35.5	3.04
Levy	Florida	877	10.3	128	93	20	10	30.2	2.58
Liberty	Florida	122	1.4	176	190	20	21	40.9	3.50
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.74
Marion	Florida	12471	145.9	117	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Nassau	Florida	3037	35.5	33	25	20	3	22.8	1.94
Orange	Florida	149995	1754.9	161	167	20	18	38.4	3.28
Pasco	Florida	59000	690.3	200	182	20	20	40.0	3.42
Putnam	Florida	2614	30.6	85	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
St. Johns	Florida	10181	119.1	67	65	20	7	27.2	2.32
Sumter	Florida	3212	37.6	134	123	20	14	33.5	2.87
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	66	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Taylor	Florida	175	2.0	134	135	20	15	34.9	2.98
Union	Florida	117	1.4	34	28	20	3	23.1	1.97
Volusia	Florida	81799	957.0	101	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Wakulla	Florida	484	5.7	182	170	20	19	38.7	3.31
Walton	Florida	18791	219.8	240	272	20	30	49.9	4.27
Washington	Florida	201	2.4	207	234	20	26	45.7	3.91
Baker	Georgia	86	1.0	190	190	20	21	40.9	3.50
Brantley	Georgia	352	4.1	94	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	112	120	20	13	33.2	2.84

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	146	1.7	234	220	20	24	44.2	3.78
Camden	Georgia	1143	13.4	70	60	20	7	26.6	2.27
Charlton	Georgia	229	2.7	69	50	20	6	25.5	2.18
Clinch	Georgia	144	1.7	113	88	20	10	29.7	2.54
Colquitt	Georgia	898	10.5	155	147	20	16	36.2	3.09
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	118	127	20	14	34.0	2.90
Decatur	Georgia	586	6.9	177	190	20	21	40.9	3.50
Dougherty	Georgia	1855	21.7	185	185	20	20	40.4	3.45
Early	Georgia	245	2.9	229	229	20	25	45.2	3.86
Echols	Georgia	109	1.3	93	78	20	9	28.6	2.44
Glynn	Georgia	1378	16.1	86	91	20	10	30.0	2.56
Grady	Georgia	512	6.0	178	177	20	19	39.5	3.37
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	94	104	20	11	31.4	2.69
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	102	106	20	12	31.7	2.71
McIntosh	Georgia	250	2.9	109	108	20	12	31.9	2.72
Miller	Georgia	124	1.5	218	209	20	23	43.0	3.67
Mitchell	Georgia	523	6.1	180	171	20	19	38.8	3.32
Pierce	Georgia	340	4.0	107	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Seminole	Georgia	186	2.2	218	209	20	23	43.0	3.67
Thomas	Georgia	881	10.3	147	144	20	16	35.8	3.06
Ware	Georgia	684	8.0	69	50	20	6	25.5	2.18
Wayne	Georgia	583	6.8	121	93	20	10	30.2	2.58

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	458	5.4	155	147	20	16	36.2	3.09
Henry	Alabama	125	1.5	265	254	20	28	47.9	4.10
Houston	Alabama	148	1.7	218	209	20	23	43.0	3.67
Geneva	Alabama	805	9.4	240	261	20	29	48.7	4.16

Table 4-5. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the TAL Hopkins facility.

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	14140	165.4	154	159	20	17	37.5	3.20
Baker	Florida	156	1.8	122	135	20	15	34.9	2.98
Bay	Florida	11714	137.0	147	126	20	14	33.9	2.89
Bradford	Florida	309	3.6	161	164	20	18	38.0	3.25
Calhoun	Florida	72	0.8	9	4	20	0	20.4	1.75
Citrus	Florida	18929	221.5	218	221	20	24	44.3	3.79
Clay	Florida	4186	49.0	181	192	20	21	41.1	3.51
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	108	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Dixie	Florida	2099	24.6	118	114	20	13	32.5	2.78
Duval	Florida	82132	960.9	140	157	20	17	37.3	3.19
Flagler	Florida	21420	250.6	230	239	20	26	46.3	3.96
Franklin	Florida	566	6.6	99	72	20	8	27.9	2.39
Gadsden	Florida	862	10.1	31	24	20	3	22.6	1.94
Gilchrist	Florida	145	1.7	148	151	20	17	36.6	3.13
Gulf	Florida	1065	12.5	136	97	20	11	30.7	2.62
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	110	106	20	12	31.7	2.71
Hernando	Florida	14985	175.3	231	187	20	21	40.6	3.47
Holmes	Florida	95	1.1	66	91	20	10	30.0	2.56
Jackson	Florida	232	2.7	90	86	20	9	29.5	2.52
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	52	53	20	6	25.8	2.21
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	111	102	20	11	31.2	2.67

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	38457	449.9	233	241	20	27	46.5	3.98
Leon	Florida	50237	587.8	23	11	20	1	21.2	1.81
Levy	Florida	877	10.3	170	137	20	15	35.1	3.00
Liberty	Florida	122	1.4	46	33	20	4	23.6	2.02
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	52	53	20	6	25.8	2.21
Marion	Florida	12471	145.9	192	200	20	22	42.0	3.59
Nassau	Florida	3037	35.5	155	178	20	20	39.6	3.38
Orange	Florida	149995	1754.9	257	279	20	31	50.7	4.33
Pasco	Florida	59000	690.3	268	281	20	31	50.9	4.35
Putnam	Florida	2614	30.6	204	206	20	23	42.7	3.65
St. Johns	Florida	10181	119.1	198	213	20	23	43.4	3.71
Sumter	Florida	3212	37.6	202	222	20	24	44.4	3.80
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	91	97	20	11	30.7	2.62
Taylor	Florida	175	2.0	73	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Union	Florida	117	1.4	145	153	20	17	36.8	3.15
Volusia	Florida	81799	957.0	232	260	20	29	48.6	4.15
Wakulla	Florida	484	5.7	33	24	20	3	22.6	1.94
Walton	Florida	18791	219.8	117	124	20	14	33.6	2.88
Washington	Florida	201	2.4	83	86	20	9	29.5	2.52
Baker	Georgia	86	1.0	97	75	20	8	28.3	2.41
Brantley	Georgia	352	4.1	231	215	20	24	43.7	3.73
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	83	67	20	7	27.4	2.34

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	146	1.7	130	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Camden	Georgia	1143	13.4	208	214	20	24	43.5	3.72
Charlton	Georgia	229	2.7	200	192	20	21	41.1	3.51
Clinch	Georgia	144	1.7	142	121	20	13	33.3	2.85
Colquitt	Georgia	898	10.5	90	66	20	7	27.3	2.33
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	119	83	20	9	29.1	2.49
Decatur	Georgia	586	6.9	52	42	20	5	24.6	2.10
Dougherty	Georgia	1855	21.7	133	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Early	Georgia	245	2.9	95	81	20	9	28.9	2.47
Echols	Georgia	109	1.3	130	114	20	13	32.5	2.78
Glynn	Georgia	1378	16.1	217	239	20	26	46.3	3.96
Grady	Georgia	512	6.0	55	32	20	4	23.5	2.01
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	101	85	20	9	29.4	2.51
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	101	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
McIntosh	Georgia	250	2.9	247	263	20	29	48.9	4.18
Miller	Georgia	124	1.5	96	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Mitchell	Georgia	523	6.1	94	63	20	7	26.9	2.30
Pierce	Georgia	340	4.0	189	155	20	17	37.1	3.17
Seminole	Georgia	186	2.2	96	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Thomas	Georgia	881	10.3	55	41	20	5	24.5	2.09
Ware	Georgia	684	8.0	199	192	20	21	41.1	3.51
Wayne	Georgia	583	6.8	241	186	20	20	40.5	3.46

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	458	5.4	90	65	20	7	27.2	2.32
Henry	Alabama	125	1.5	115	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Houston	Alabama	148	1.7	96	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Geneva	Alabama	805	9.4	90	110	20	12	32.1	2.74

Table 4-6. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time).

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	14140	165.4	18	9.2	20	1	21.0	1.80
Baker	Florida	156	1.8	67	55	20	6	26.1	2.23
Bradford	Florida	309	3.6	51	37	20	4	24.1	2.06
Citrus	Florida	18929	221.5	95	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
Clay	Florida	4186	49.0	78	60	20	7	26.6	2.27
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	52	51	20	6	25.6	2.19
Dixie	Florida	2099	24.6	52	44	20	5	24.8	2.12
Duval	Florida	82132	960.9	76	63	20	7	26.9	2.30
Gilchrist	Florida	145	1.7	49	35	20	4	23.9	2.04
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	68	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Hernando	Florida	14985	175.3	119	109	20	12	32.0	2.73
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	95	105	20	12	31.6	2.70
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	83	60	20	7	26.6	2.27
Lake	Florida	38457	449.9	99	99	20	11	30.9	2.64
Levy	Florida	877	10.3	69	48	20	5	25.3	2.16
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	95	105	20	12	31.6	2.70
Marion	Florida	12471	145.9	68	58	20	6	26.4	2.25
Nassau	Florida	3037	35.5	103	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
Putnam	Florida	2614	30.6	72	56	20	6	26.2	2.24
St. Johns	Florida	10181	119.1	112	85	20	9	29.4	2.51
Sumter	Florida	3212	37.6	79	80	20	9	28.8	2.46

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	63	66	20	7	27.3	2.33
Taylor	Florida	175	2.0	105	93	20	10	30.2	2.58
Union	Florida	117	1.4	62	47	20	5	25.2	2.15
Volusia	Florida	81799	957.0	120	111	20	12	32.2	2.75
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	109	116	20	13	32.8	2.80
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	112	121	20	13	33.3	2.85
Echols	Georgia	109	1.3	100	90	20	10	29.9	2.56
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	91	99	20	11	30.9	2.64
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	96	100	20	11	31.0	2.65

Table 4-7. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	14140	165.4	18	9.2	20	1	21.0	1.80
Citrus	Florida	18929	221.5	95	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
Dixie	Florida	2099	24.6	52	44	20	5	24.8	2.12
Gilchrist	Florida	145	1.7	49	35	20	4	23.9	2.04
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	68	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Hernando	Florida	14985	175.3	119	109	20	12	32.0	2.73
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	83	60	20	7	26.6	2.27
Lake	Florida	38457	449.9	99	99	20	11	30.9	2.64
Levy	Florida	877	10.3	69	48	20	5	25.3	2.16
Marion	Florida	12471	145.9	68	58	20	6	26.4	2.25
Putnam	Florida	2614	30.6	72	56	20	6	26.2	2.24
Sumter	Florida	3212	37.6	79	80	20	9	28.8	2.46
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	63	66	20	7	27.3	2.33
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	112	121	20	13	33.3	2.85
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	91	99	20	11	30.9	2.64
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	96	100	20	11	31.0	2.65

Table 4-8. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time)

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	14140	165.4	69	53.5	20	6	25.9	2.21
Baker	Florida	156	1.8	23	23	20	3	22.5	1.93
Bradford	Florida	309	3.6	36	32	20	4	23.5	2.01
Clay	Florida	4186	49.0	50	44	20	5	24.8	2.12
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	50	48	20	5	25.3	2.16
Duval	Florida	82132	960.9	8	8	20	1	20.9	1.78
Flagler	Florida	21420	250.6	96	87	20	10	29.6	2.53
Gilchrist	Florida	145	1.7	100	100	20	11	31.0	2.65
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	76	73	20	8	28.0	2.40
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.74
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	105	96	20	11	30.6	2.61
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.74
Marion	Florida	12471	145.9	117	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Nassau	Florida	3037	35.5	33	25	20	3	22.8	1.94
Putnam	Florida	2614	30.6	85	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
St. Johns	Florida	10181	119.1	67	65	20	7	27.2	2.32
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	66	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Union	Florida	117	1.4	34	28	20	3	23.1	1.97
Volusia	Florida	81799	957.0	101	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Brantley	Georgia	352	4.1	94	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	112	120	20	13	33.2	2.84
Camden	Georgia	1143	13.4	70	60	20	7	26.6	2.27

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Charlton	Georgia	229	2.7	69	50	20	6	25.5	2.18
Clinch	Georgia	144	1.7	113	88	20	10	29.7	2.54
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	118	127	20	14	34.0	2.90
Echols	Georgia	109	1.3	93	78	20	9	28.6	2.44
Glynn	Georgia	1378	16.1	86	91	20	10	30.0	2.56
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	94	104	20	11	31.4	2.69
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	102	106	20	12	31.7	2.71
McIntosh	Georgia	250	2.9	109	108	20	12	31.9	2.72
Pierce	Georgia	340	4.0	107	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Ware	Georgia	684	8.0	69	50	20	6	25.5	2.18

Table 4-9. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Baker	Florida	156	1.8	23	23	20	3	22.5	1.93
Bradford	Florida	309	3.6	36	32	20	4	23.5	2.01
Clay	Florida	4186	49.0	50	44	20	5	24.8	2.12
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	50	48	20	5	25.3	2.16
Duval	Florida	82132	960.9	8	8	20	1	20.9	1.78
Flagler	Florida	21420	250.6	96	87	20	10	29.6	2.53
Nassau	Florida	3037	35.5	33	25	20	3	22.8	1.94
St. Johns	Florida	10181	119.1	67	65	20	7	27.2	2.32
Union	Florida	117	1.4	34	28	20	3	23.1	1.97
Volusia	Florida	81799	957.0	101	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Brantley	Georgia	352	4.1	94	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Camden	Georgia	1143	13.4	70	60	20	7	26.6	2.27
Charlton	Georgia	229	2.7	69	50	20	6	25.5	2.18
Clinch	Georgia	144	1.7	113	88	20	10	29.7	2.54
Echols	Georgia	109	1.3	93	78	20	9	28.6	2.44
Glynn	Georgia	1378	16.1	86	91	20	10	30.0	2.56
McIntosh	Georgia	250	2.9	109	108	20	12	31.9	2.72
Pierce	Georgia	340	4.0	107	92	20	10	30.1	2.57
Ware	Georgia	684	8.0	69	50	20	6	25.5	2.18

Table 4-10. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time)

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	72	0.8	9	4	20	0	20.4	1.75
Columbia	Florida	2294	26.8	108	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Dixie	Florida	2099	24.6	118	114	20	13	32.5	2.78
Franklin	Florida	566	6.6	99	72	20	8	27.9	2.39
Gadsden	Florida	862	10.1	31	24	20	3	22.6	1.94
Hamilton	Florida	352	4.1	110	106	20	12	31.7	2.71
Holmes	Florida	95	1.1	66	91	20	10	30.0	2.56
Jackson	Florida	232	2.7	90	86	20	9	29.5	2.52
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	52	53	20	6	25.8	2.21
Lafayette	Florida	73	0.9	111	102	20	11	31.2	2.67
Leon	Florida	50237	587.8	23	11	20	1	21.2	1.81
Liberty	Florida	122	1.4	46	33	20	4	23.6	2.02
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	52	53	20	6	25.8	2.21
Suwannee	Florida	862	10.1	91	97	20	11	30.7	2.62
Taylor	Florida	175	2.0	73	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Wakulla	Florida	484	5.7	33	24	20	3	22.6	1.94
Walton	Florida	18791	219.8	117	124	20	14	33.6	2.88
Washington	Florida	201	2.4	83	86	20	9	29.5	2.52
Baker	Georgia	86	1.0	97	75	20	8	28.3	2.41
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	83	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Colquitt	Georgia	898	10.5	90	66	20	7	27.3	2.33

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Cook	Georgia	342	4.0	119	83	20	9	29.1	2.49
Decatur	Georgia	586	6.9	52	42	20	5	24.6	2.10
Early	Georgia	245	2.9	95	81	20	9	28.9	2.47
Grady	Georgia	512	6.0	55	32	20	4	23.5	2.01
Lanier	Georgia	173	2.0	101	85	20	9	29.4	2.51
Lowndes	Georgia	2057	24.1	101	79	20	9	28.7	2.45
Miller	Georgia	124	1.5	96	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Mitchell	Georgia	523	6.1	94	63	20	7	26.9	2.30
Seminole	Georgia	186	2.2	96	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Thomas	Georgia	881	10.3	55	41	20	5	24.5	2.09
Worth	Georgia	458	5.4	90	65	20	7	27.2	2.32
Henry	Alabama	125	1.5	115	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Houston	Alabama	148	1.7	96	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Geneva	Alabama	805	9.4	90	110	20	12	32.1	2.74

Table 4-11. Delivered cost of C&D wood waste for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	72	0.8	9	4	20	0	20.4	1.75
Franklin	Florida	566	6.6	99	72	20	8	27.9	2.39
Gadsden	Florida	862	10.1	31	24	20	3	22.6	1.94
Holmes	Florida	95	1.1	66	91	20	10	30.0	2.56
Jackson	Florida	232	2.7	90	86	20	9	29.5	2.52
Jefferson	Florida	212	2.5	52	53	20	6	25.8	2.21
Leon	Florida	50237	587.8	23	11	20	1	21.2	1.81
Liberty	Florida	122	1.4	46	33	20	4	23.6	2.02
Madison	Florida	446	5.2	52	53	20	6	25.8	2.21
Taylor	Florida	175	2.0	73	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Wakulla	Florida	484	5.7	33	24	20	3	22.6	1.94
Walton	Florida	18791	219.8	117	124	20	14	33.6	2.88
Washington	Florida	201	2.4	83	86	20	9	29.5	2.52
Baker	Georgia	86	1.0	97	75	20	8	28.3	2.41
Brooks	Georgia	333	3.9	83	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Colquitt	Georgia	898	10.5	90	66	20	7	27.3	2.33
Decatur	Georgia	586	6.9	52	42	20	5	24.6	2.10
Early	Georgia	245	2.9	95	81	20	9	28.9	2.47
Grady	Georgia	512	6.0	55	32	20	4	23.5	2.01
Miller	Georgia	124	1.5	96	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Mitchell	Georgia	523	6.1	94	63	20	7	26.9	2.30

County	State	Wood waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Seminole	Georgia	186	2.2	96	67	20	7	27.4	2.34
Thomas	Georgia	881	10.3	55	41	20	5	24.5	2.09
Worth	Georgia	458	5.4	90	65	20	7	27.2	2.32
Henry	Alabama	125	1.5	115	112	20	12	32.3	2.76
Houston	Alabama	148	1.7	96	71	20	8	27.8	2.38
Geneva	Alabama	805	9.4	90	110	20	12	32.1	2.74

For the C&D wood waste, the separation of treated wood from untreated wood would be a big challenge for any wood burning facility. Recent research studies have documented the evidence of inadvertent mixing of CCA-treated wood with untreated wood debris at these facilities while producing mulch from C&D wood or burning the wood as a boiler fuel. The sorting technologies that can be used for the segregation of treated wood from the wood waste stream are available and being investigated further. Several research projects were conducted by the research team of Dr. Solo-Gabriele (University of Miami) and Dr. Townsend (University of Florida). The relevant publications from the research results can be made available on request.

5. MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

5.1. Fuel Description

Municipal solid waste (MSW) is incinerated either as a mass burn or as refuse derived fuel (RDF). Though the style most often used has been mass burn, there are quite a few RDF plants in use. These facilities are distinguished from mass burn plants by the presence of waste pre-processing equipment. RDF is the name given both to the residual end product created by the processing and to the plant which burns the material. In RDF plants the truck usually dumps unprocessed MSW onto a conveyor which leads into a facility separate from the incinerator for preprocessing and sorting into resource streams. Though RDF plant designs differ according to the types of resources recovered and the degree of resource purity achieved in the end product, RDF is generally derived by removing noncombustible metals, glass and grit, and subsequently processing the remaining combustible waste to a uniform size. The RDF is a highly combustible and versatile feedstock containing mainly paper and plastic, which can be burned either as-is (a fluffy material) or in a dense, easily transported pelletized form. It can be burned either alone in a dedicated furnace/boiler attached to the processing facility (as most RDF plants are configured) or commingled with another fuel (e.g., sewage sludge, wood, coal) and shipped in pellet form off-site to another facility. For the calculations presented in this report, the fraction of waste that is reported to be combustible includes paper, plastics, textile, food waste and other organics.

Once the undesirable components of the waste stream have been removed, the waste is fed into the drying area adjacent to the furnace. The waste charging process is either done in batches (which usually causes combustion to be less stable because relatively cold outside air is introduced into the combustion chamber periodically), or continuously, by charging the waste down an inclined chute onto a moving grate. It is preferable to have the waste spread out evenly to maximize combustion, so grate systems are designed to have speed adjustments. The grate is sped up when highly combustible waste is fed, and slowed down when waste is wet or has a lower Btu value.

It is important to minimize the entry of hazardous, flammable, explosive, and toxic materials and other items not suitable for incineration. MSW incinerators should also be designed and operated to maximize the opportunity for inspection and screening out of undesirable wastes.

Two consequences of not removing unsuitable items include (1) explosions in the furnace of flammable/explosive materials and (2) contribution of concentrations of pollutant precursors, such as heavy metals (in batteries, appliances, and automotive parts), chlorine (in PVC and bleached paper), and organics (in solvents) resulting in higher emissions.

5.2. Current Management

In the region of this study, most of the MSW produced is landfilled. Several counties do have a system in place to take out some recyclables from the waste stream. In Florida, about 25% of the waste is recovered, 20% incinerated (with most of the incineration in South Florida) and a major portion of around 55% is landfilled (FDEP, 2005). In neighboring Georgia, landfill is the more predominant way of waste disposal with 74% of the waste produced in 2004 being disposed in lined MSW landfills (GDCA, 2005). In terms of the waste incinerators, two waste incinerators (in Lake County and Bay County, Florida) are within the present project boundary for Florida. The county with the only MSW incinerator in Georgia is not a part of the study.

It is important to recognize that in many counties in Florida, burning MSW is prohibited. Some examples of these counties include Alachua, Gilchrist, and Sumter. So, the possible example scenario for MSW use as a fuel source as per the objective of this study include the collection of MSW, the recovery of useable MSW, and the transportation to, for example, Alachua County (i.e., for the Deerhaven facility) for fuel. As evident from the list of waste components and their corresponding heat value as presented in Chapter 3, several components of MSW are ideal candidates for incineration as a form of disposal and for energy capture. A possible MSW management scenario could include: collection of MSW, recovery of the recyclables (economics of recycling is also a big factor), separation into combustible categories (those with high calorific values) and other components (e.g., readily biodegradable) and others. Energy can be gained by both combusting the high calorific substances and also operating a bioreactor landfill with readily biodegradable material to collect landfill gas, which can in turn be used for landfill gas to energy projects.

5.3. Waste Projection

For the MSW waste fuel projections in the area, the quantity of paper, plastic, textiles, food waste and other organics was calculated using the values reported by the various counties for MSW generation. The amount of MSW fuel produced at different counties within the study

region was projected using projected population data and rate of waste component production (Table 5-1).

Table 5-1. County level MSW (in tons) projections for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	109,705	111,448	113,131	114,780	116,513	118,225
Baker	Florida	10,344	10,515	10,710	10,918	11,063	11,206
Bay	Florida	80,260	81,557	82,793	83,986	85,205	86,408
Bradford	Florida	10,562	10,682	10,790	10,898	11,007	11,114
Calhoun	Florida	3,806	3,848	3,877	3,906	3,948	3,994
Citrus	Florida	97,350	99,402	101,356	103,259	105,238	107,183
Clay	Florida	102,904	106,085	109,188	112,237	115,289	118,301
Columbia	Florida	39,711	40,603	41,534	42,457	43,185	43,890
Dixie	Florida	3,552	3,623	3,683	3,741	3,808	3,873
Duval	Florida	492,790	500,617	508,175	515,584	523,370	531,060
Flagler	Florida	52,501	55,212	57,507	59,573	62,372	65,143
Franklin	Florida	5,661	5,887	6,117	6,334	6,428	6,508
Gadsden	Florida	14,850	14,987	15,098	15,194	15,308	15,420
Gilchrist	Florida	4,838	4,978	5,123	5,270	5,395	5,517
Gulf	Florida	11,774	11,894	11,988	12,077	12,181	12,289
Hamilton	Florida	4,579	4,619	4,669	4,719	4,752	4,784
Hernando	Florida	84,291	86,235	88,005	89,674	91,626	93,557
Holmes	Florida	4,731	4,770	4,809	4,844	4,878	4,913
Jackson	Florida	24,387	24,728	25,045	25,336	25,566	25,772
Jefferson	Florida	7,817	7,897	7,976	8,049	8,120	8,193
Lafayette	Florida	1,741	1,756	1,754	1,746	1,765	1,783
Lake	Florida	101,584	105,149	108,616	112,015	115,450	118,841
Leon	Florida	152,504	155,134	157,559	159,852	162,602	165,325
Levy	Florida	16,252	16,638	17,044	17,457	17,798	18,138
Liberty	Florida	2,062	2,084	2,092	2,098	2,116	2,134
Madison	Florida	9,848	9,939	10,025	10,112	10,191	10,278
Marion	Florida	134,557	138,290	141,815	145,206	148,833	152,405
Nassau	Florida	24,041	24,722	25,461	26,230	26,840	27,438
Orange	Florida	749,975	771,103	792,249	813,258	833,233	852,909
Pasco	Florida	245,833	251,975	257,501	262,682	268,943	275,124
Putnam	Florida	26,959	27,187	27,433	27,669	27,885	28,108
St. Johns	Florida	93,323	96,919	100,370	103,731	107,225	110,686
Sumter	Florida	34,210	35,538	36,569	37,437	38,853	40,260
Suwannee	Florida	12,926	13,204	13,496	13,802	14,052	14,302
Taylor	Florida	4,591	4,664	4,734	4,803	4,876	4,948

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Union	Florida	6,894	7,003	7,087	7,162	7,243	7,313
Volusia	Florida	339,167	345,812	352,379	358,846	365,157	371,358
Wakulla	Florida	7,383	7,709	8,017	8,308	8,540	8,754
Walton	Florida	46,180	46,914	47,622	48,316	49,046	49,766
Washington	Florida	9,395	9,666	9,927	10,173	10,343	10,496
Baker	Georgia	5,217	5,284	5,351	5,419	5,487	5,557
Brantley	Georgia	21,391	22,077	22,785	23,516	24,270	25,048
Brooks	Georgia	20,227	20,365	20,504	20,645	20,786	20,928
Calhoun	Georgia	8,872	9,104	9,341	9,584	9,834	10,091
Camden	Georgia	69,543	72,654	75,905	79,301	82,849	86,556
Charlton	Georgia	13,944	14,237	14,537	14,842	15,154	15,473
Clinch	Georgia	8,745	8,847	8,950	9,054	9,160	9,267
Colquitt	Georgia	54,626	55,433	56,251	57,081	57,923	58,778
Cook	Georgia	20,835	21,193	21,558	21,929	22,306	22,690
Decatur	Georgia	35,662	36,042	36,427	36,816	37,209	37,606
Dougherty	Georgia	112,838	112,868	112,899	112,929	112,960	112,990
Early	Georgia	14,917	14,980	15,043	15,106	15,170	15,234
Echols	Georgia	6,654	7,059	7,489	7,944	8,428	8,940
Glynn	Georgia	83,827	84,507	85,193	85,884	86,581	87,284
Grady	Georgia	31,140	31,659	32,187	32,723	33,268	33,823
Lanier	Georgia	10,506	10,831	11,166	11,511	11,867	12,233
Lowndes	Georgia	125,105	127,762	130,475	133,245	136,075	138,964
McIntosh	Georgia	15,182	15,571	15,970	16,379	16,799	17,230
Miller	Georgia	7,570	7,582	7,594	7,607	7,619	7,632
Mitchell	Georgia	31,797	32,371	32,955	33,549	34,154	34,770
Pierce	Georgia	20,672	21,030	21,394	21,765	22,142	22,525
Seminole	Georgia	11,294	11,339	11,384	11,430	11,475	11,521
Thomas	Georgia	53,622	54,145	54,672	55,205	55,743	56,286
Ware	Georgia	41,609	41,611	41,612	41,614	41,615	41,616
Wayne	Georgia	35,488	36,156	36,837	37,530	38,237	38,957
Worth	Georgia	27,853	28,167	28,484	28,805	29,129	29,457
Henry	Alabama	7,620	7,718	7,815	7,915	8,016	8,117
Houston	Alabama	8,996	9,111	9,226	9,344	9,463	9,582
Geneva	Alabama	48,971	49,046	49,667	50,270	50,940	51,582

Table 5-2 presents the value of the MSW fuel projection in potential Btu of energy if all MSW components produced are used as fuel. A value of 5,000 Btu/lb was used for the energy conversion.

Table 5-2. County level MSW projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	1,097	1,114	1,131	1,148	1,165	1,182
Baker	Florida	103	105	107	109	111	112
Bay	Florida	803	816	828	840	852	864
Bradford	Florida	106	107	108	109	110	111
Calhoun	Florida	38	38	39	39	39	40
Citrus	Florida	974	994	1,014	1,033	1,052	1,072
Clay	Florida	1,029	1,061	1,092	1,122	1,153	1,183
Columbia	Florida	397	406	415	425	432	439
Dixie	Florida	36	36	37	37	38	39
Duval	Florida	4,928	5,006	5,082	5,156	5,234	5,311
Flagler	Florida	525	552	575	596	624	651
Franklin	Florida	57	59	61	63	64	65
Gadsden	Florida	149	150	151	152	153	154
Gilchrist	Florida	48	50	51	53	54	55
Gulf	Florida	118	119	120	121	122	123
Hamilton	Florida	46	46	47	47	48	48
Hernando	Florida	843	862	880	897	916	936
Holmes	Florida	47	48	48	48	49	49
Jackson	Florida	244	247	250	253	256	258
Jefferson	Florida	78	79	80	80	81	82
Lafayette	Florida	17	18	18	17	18	18
Lake	Florida	1,016	1,051	1,086	1,120	1,155	1,188
Leon	Florida	1,525	1,551	1,576	1,599	1,626	1,653
Levy	Florida	163	166	170	175	178	181
Liberty	Florida	21	21	21	21	21	21
Madison	Florida	98	99	100	101	102	103
Marion	Florida	1,346	1,383	1,418	1,452	1,488	1,524
Nassau	Florida	240	247	255	262	268	274
Orange	Florida	7,500	7,711	7,922	8,133	8,332	8,529
Pasco	Florida	2,458	2,520	2,575	2,627	2,689	2,751
Putnam	Florida	270	272	274	277	279	281
St. Johns	Florida	933	969	1,004	1,037	1,072	1,107

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Sumter	Florida	342	355	366	374	389	403
Suwannee	Florida	129	132	135	138	141	143
Taylor	Florida	46	47	47	48	49	49
Union	Florida	69	70	71	72	72	73
Volusia	Florida	3,392	3,458	3,524	3,588	3,652	3,714
Wakulla	Florida	74	77	80	83	85	88
Walton	Florida	462	469	476	483	490	498
Washington	Florida	94	97	99	102	103	105
Baker	Georgia	52	53	54	54	55	56
Brantley	Georgia	214	221	228	235	243	250
Brooks	Georgia	202	204	205	206	208	209
Calhoun	Georgia	89	91	93	96	98	101
Camden	Georgia	695	727	759	793	828	866
Charlton	Georgia	139	142	145	148	152	155
Clinch	Georgia	87	88	90	91	92	93
Colquitt	Georgia	546	554	563	571	579	588
Cook	Georgia	208	212	216	219	223	227
Decatur	Georgia	357	360	364	368	372	376
Dougherty	Georgia	1,128	1,129	1,129	1,129	1,130	1,130
Early	Georgia	149	150	150	151	152	152
Echols	Georgia	67	71	75	79	84	89
Glynn	Georgia	838	845	852	859	866	873
Grady	Georgia	311	317	322	327	333	338
Lanier	Georgia	105	108	112	115	119	122
Lowndes	Georgia	1,251	1,278	1,305	1,332	1,361	1,390
McIntosh	Georgia	152	156	160	164	168	172
Miller	Georgia	76	76	76	76	76	76
Mitchell	Georgia	318	324	330	335	342	348
Pierce	Georgia	207	210	214	218	221	225
Seminole	Georgia	113	113	114	114	115	115
Thomas	Georgia	536	541	547	552	557	563
Ware	Georgia	416	416	416	416	416	416
Wayne	Georgia	355	362	368	375	382	390
Worth	Georgia	279	282	285	288	291	295
Henry	Alabama	76	77	78	79	80	81
Houston	Alabama	90	91	92	93	95	96
Geneva	Alabama	490	490	497	503	509	516

5.4. Feasibility Assessment

From the projected energy values from the MSW fuel in various counties (Table 5-2), a region specific calculation for the three facilities was completed. Within a specific region in most cases, MSW is collected at either the local transfer station or the active landfill sites. In some counties, the waste goes out of the county for disposal. The processing cost of MSW for fuel applications is approximately \$40/ton. The transportation cost was calculated based on the distance from the MSW disposal facility in the region and the corresponding nearest power plant facility. Tables 5-3 thru 5-5 present the delivered cost per MMBtu for the MSW waste from the different counties to the three power generation units targeted in this study. The scenario of all the waste from a specific county being available for all the three facilities is being presented (without competing demand between facilities). The data calculation has been shown only for the year 2007. Similar calculations can be performed for other years. The major part of total cost is the processing of waste before its use as fuel. As mentioned before in this document, the income from tipping fee has not been included in this calculation. The other two scenarios for the three facilities one considering two hour travel time from the waste collection center to the power plant (with no competing demand) and the other considering the 2-hour travel time with competing demand (and assuming that the waste goes to the nearest facility in case of two or more facilities being within a travel time range of 2-hour is presented for the three facilities in Table 5-6 thru 5-11.

Table 5-3. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility.

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	109705	1097	18	9.2	40	1	41.0	4.10
Baker	Florida	10344	103	67	55	40	6	46.1	4.61
Bay	Florida	80260	803	266	266	40	29	69.3	6.93
Bradford	Florida	10562	106	51	37	40	4	44.1	4.41
Calhoun	Florida	3806	38	174	149	40	16	56.4	5.64
Citrus	Florida	97350	974	95	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
Clay	Florida	102904	1029	78	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	52	51	40	6	45.6	4.56
Dixie	Florida	3552	36	52	44	40	5	44.8	4.48
Duval	Florida	492790	4928	76	63	40	7	46.9	4.69
Flagler	Florida	52501	525	123	81	40	9	48.9	4.89
Franklin	Florida	5661	57	222	208	40	23	62.9	6.29
Gadsden	Florida	14850	149	152	167	40	18	58.4	5.84
Gilchrist	Florida	4838	48	49	35	40	4	43.9	4.39
Gulf	Florida	11774	118	255	243	40	27	66.7	6.67
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	68	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Hernando	Florida	84291	843	119	109	40	12	52.0	5.20
Holmes	Florida	4731	47	208	234	40	26	65.7	6.57
Jackson	Florida	24387	244	209	225	40	25	64.8	6.48
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	95	105	40	12	51.6	5.16
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	83	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Lake	Florida	101584	1016	99	99	40	11	50.9	5.09

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Leon	Florida	152504	1525	129	135	40	15	54.9	5.49
Levy	Florida	16252	163	69	48	40	5	45.3	4.53
Liberty	Florida	2062	21	173	185	40	20	60.4	6.04
Madison	Florida	9848	98	95	105	40	12	51.6	5.16
Marion	Florida	134557	1346	68	58	40	6	46.4	4.64
Nassau	Florida	24041	240	103	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
Orange	Florida	749975	7500	134	137	40	15	55.1	5.51
Pasco	Florida	245833	2458	145	139	40	15	55.3	5.53
Putnam	Florida	26959	270	72	56	40	6	46.2	4.62
St. Johns	Florida	93323	933	112	85	40	9	49.4	4.94
Sumter	Florida	34210	342	79	80	40	9	48.8	4.88
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	63	66	40	7	47.3	4.73
Taylor	Florida	4591	46	105	93	40	10	50.2	5.02
Union	Florida	6894	69	62	47	40	5	45.2	4.52
Volusia	Florida	339167	3392	120	111	40	12	52.2	5.22
Wakulla	Florida	7383	74	160	164	40	18	58.0	5.80
Walton	Florida	46180	462	240	267	40	29	69.4	6.94
Washington	Florida	9395	94	205	229	40	25	65.2	6.52
Baker	Georgia	5217	52	187	185	40	20	60.4	6.04
Brantley	Georgia	21391	214	163	119	40	13	53.1	5.31
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	109	116	40	13	52.8	5.28
Calhoun	Georgia	8872	89	228	214	40	24	63.5	6.35

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Camden	Georgia	69543	695	135	116	40	13	52.8	5.28
Charlton	Georgia	13944	139	131	97	40	11	50.7	5.07
Clinch	Georgia	8745	87	133	135	40	15	54.9	5.49
Colquitt	Georgia	54626	546	150	141	40	16	55.5	5.55
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	112	121	40	13	53.3	5.33
Decatur	Georgia	35662	357	174	185	40	20	60.4	6.04
Dougherty	Georgia	112838	1128	178	178	40	20	59.6	5.96
Early	Georgia	14917	149	227	224	40	25	64.6	6.46
Echols	Georgia	6654	67	100	90	40	10	49.9	4.99
Glynn	Georgia	83827	838	153	145	40	16	56.0	5.60
Grady	Georgia	31140	311	172	170	40	19	58.7	5.87
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	91	99	40	11	50.9	5.09
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	96	100	40	11	51.0	5.10
McIntosh	Georgia	15182	152	175	164	40	18	58.0	5.80
Miller	Georgia	7570	76	212	203	40	22	62.3	6.23
Mitchell	Georgia	31797	318	173	164	40	18	58.0	5.80
Pierce	Georgia	20672	207	174	147	40	16	56.2	5.62
Seminole	Georgia	11294	113	212	203	40	22	62.3	6.23
Thomas	Georgia	53622	536	140	138	40	15	55.2	5.52
Ware	Georgia	41609	416	131	97	40	11	50.7	5.07
Wayne	Georgia	35488	355	191	142	40	16	55.6	5.56
Worth	Georgia	27853	279	150	141	40	16	55.5	5.55

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Henry	Alabama	7620	76	270	273	40	30	70.0	7.00
Houston	Alabama	8996	90	212	203	40	22	62.3	6.23
Geneva	Alabama	48971	490	230	254	40	28	67.9	6.79

Table 5-4. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	109705	1097	69	53.5	40	6	45.9	4.59
Baker	Florida	10344	103	23	23	40	3	42.5	4.25
Bay	Florida	80260	803	272	272	40	30	69.9	6.99
Bradford	Florida	10562	106	36	32	40	4	43.5	4.35
Calhoun	Florida	3806	38	167	154	40	17	56.9	5.69
Citrus	Florida	97350	974	150	122	40	13	53.4	5.34
Clay	Florida	102904	1029	50	44	40	5	44.8	4.48
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	50	48	40	5	45.3	4.53
Dixie	Florida	3552	36	127	109	40	12	52.0	5.20
Duval	Florida	492790	4928	8	8	40	1	40.9	4.09
Flagler	Florida	52501	525	96	87	40	10	49.6	4.96
Franklin	Florida	5661	57	228	214	40	24	63.5	6.35
Gadsden	Florida	14850	149	155	171	40	19	58.8	5.88
Gilchrist	Florida	4838	48	100	100	40	11	51.0	5.10
Gulf	Florida	11774	118	261	249	40	27	67.4	6.74
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	76	73	40	8	48.0	4.80
Hernando	Florida	84291	843	175	152	40	17	56.7	5.67
Holmes	Florida	4731	47	210	239	40	26	66.3	6.63
Jackson	Florida	24387	244	215	232	40	26	65.5	6.55
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	98	110	40	12	52.1	5.21
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	105	96	40	11	50.6	5.06

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	101584	1016	165	142	40	16	55.6	5.56
Leon	Florida	152504	1525	135	141	40	16	55.5	5.55
Levy	Florida	16252	163	128	93	40	10	50.2	5.02
Liberty	Florida	2062	21	176	190	40	21	60.9	6.09
Madison	Florida	9848	98	98	110	40	12	52.1	5.21
Marion	Florida	134557	1346	117	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Nassau	Florida	24041	240	33	25	40	3	42.8	4.28
Orange	Florida	749975	7500	161	167	40	18	58.4	5.84
Pasco	Florida	245833	2458	200	182	40	20	60.0	6.00
Putnam	Florida	26959	270	85	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
St. Johns	Florida	93323	933	67	65	40	7	47.2	4.72
Sumter	Florida	34210	342	134	123	40	14	53.5	5.35
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	66	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Taylor	Florida	4591	46	134	135	40	15	54.9	5.49
Union	Florida	6894	69	34	28	40	3	43.1	4.31
Volusia	Florida	339167	3392	101	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Wakulla	Florida	7383	74	182	170	40	19	58.7	5.87
Walton	Florida	46180	462	240	272	40	30	69.9	6.99
Washington	Florida	9395	94	207	234	40	26	65.7	6.57
Baker	Georgia	5217	52	190	190	40	21	60.9	6.09
Brantley	Georgia	21391	214	94	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	112	120	40	13	53.2	5.32

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	8872	89	234	220	40	24	64.2	6.42
Camden	Georgia	69543	695	70	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Charlton	Georgia	13944	139	69	50	40	6	45.5	4.55
Clinch	Georgia	8745	87	113	88	40	10	49.7	4.97
Colquitt	Georgia	54626	546	155	147	40	16	56.2	5.62
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	118	127	40	14	54.0	5.40
Decatur	Georgia	35662	357	177	190	40	21	60.9	6.09
Dougherty	Georgia	112838	1128	185	185	40	20	60.4	6.04
Early	Georgia	14917	149	229	229	40	25	65.2	6.52
Echols	Georgia	6654	67	93	78	40	9	48.6	4.86
Glynn	Georgia	83827	838	86	91	40	10	50.0	5.00
Grady	Georgia	31140	311	178	177	40	19	59.5	5.95
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	94	104	40	11	51.4	5.14
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	102	106	40	12	51.7	5.17
McIntosh	Georgia	15182	152	109	108	40	12	51.9	5.19
Miller	Georgia	7570	76	218	209	40	23	63.0	6.30
Mitchell	Georgia	31797	318	180	171	40	19	58.8	5.88
Pierce	Georgia	20672	207	107	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Seminole	Georgia	11294	113	218	209	40	23	63.0	6.30
Thomas	Georgia	53622	536	147	144	40	16	55.8	5.58
Ware	Georgia	41609	416	69	50	40	6	45.5	4.55
Wayne	Georgia	35488	355	121	93	40	10	50.2	5.02

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	27853	279	155	147	40	16	56.2	5.62
Henry	Alabama	7620	76	265	254	40	28	67.9	6.79
Houston	Alabama	8996	90	218	209	40	23	63.0	6.30
Geneva	Alabama	48971	490	240	261	40	29	68.7	6.87

Table 5-5. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility.

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	109705	1097	154	159	40	17	57.5	5.75
Baker	Florida	10344	103	122	135	40	15	54.9	5.49
Bay	Florida	80260	803	147	126	40	14	53.9	5.39
Bradford	Florida	10562	106	161	164	40	18	58.0	5.80
Calhoun	Florida	3806	38	9	4	40	0	40.4	4.04
Citrus	Florida	97350	974	218	221	40	24	64.3	6.43
Clay	Florida	102904	1029	181	192	40	21	61.1	6.11
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	108	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Dixie	Florida	3552	36	118	114	40	13	52.5	5.25
Duval	Florida	492790	4928	140	157	40	17	57.3	5.73
Flagler	Florida	52501	525	230	239	40	26	66.3	6.63
Franklin	Florida	5661	57	99	72	40	8	47.9	4.79
Gadsden	Florida	14850	149	31	24	40	3	42.6	4.26
Gilchrist	Florida	4838	48	148	151	40	17	56.6	5.66
Gulf	Florida	11774	118	136	97	40	11	50.7	5.07
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	110	106	40	12	51.7	5.17
Hernando	Florida	84291	843	231	187	40	21	60.6	6.06
Holmes	Florida	4731	47	66	91	40	10	50.0	5.00
Jackson	Florida	24387	244	90	86	40	9	49.5	4.95
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	52	53	40	6	45.8	4.58
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	111	102	40	11	51.2	5.12

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	101584	1016	233	241	40	27	66.5	6.65
Leon	Florida	152504	1525	23	11	40	1	41.2	4.12
Levy	Florida	16252	163	170	137	40	15	55.1	5.51
Liberty	Florida	2062	21	46	33	40	4	43.6	4.36
Madison	Florida	9848	98	52	53	40	6	45.8	4.58
Marion	Florida	134557	1346	192	200	40	22	62.0	6.20
Nassau	Florida	24041	240	155	178	40	20	59.6	5.96
Orange	Florida	749975	7500	257	279	40	31	70.7	7.07
Pasco	Florida	245833	2458	268	281	40	31	70.9	7.09
Putnam	Florida	26959	270	204	206	40	23	62.7	6.27
St. Johns	Florida	93323	933	198	213	40	23	63.4	6.34
Sumter	Florida	34210	342	202	222	40	24	64.4	6.44
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	91	97	40	11	50.7	5.07
Taylor	Florida	4591	46	73	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Union	Florida	6894	69	145	153	40	17	56.8	5.68
Volusia	Florida	339167	3392	232	260	40	29	68.6	6.86
Wakulla	Florida	7383	74	33	24	40	3	42.6	4.26
Walton	Florida	46180	462	117	124	40	14	53.6	5.36
Washington	Florida	9395	94	83	86	40	9	49.5	4.95
Baker	Georgia	5217	52	97	75	40	8	48.3	4.83
Brantley	Georgia	21391	214	231	215	40	24	63.7	6.37
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	83	67	40	7	47.4	4.74

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	8872	89	130	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Camden	Georgia	69543	695	208	214	40	24	63.5	6.35
Charlton	Georgia	13944	139	200	192	40	21	61.1	6.11
Clinch	Georgia	8745	87	142	121	40	13	53.3	5.33
Colquitt	Georgia	54626	546	90	66	40	7	47.3	4.73
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	119	83	40	9	49.1	4.91
Decatur	Georgia	35662	357	52	42	40	5	44.6	4.46
Dougherty	Georgia	112838	1128	133	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Early	Georgia	14917	149	95	81	40	9	48.9	4.89
Echols	Georgia	6654	67	130	114	40	13	52.5	5.25
Glynn	Georgia	83827	838	217	239	40	26	66.3	6.63
Grady	Georgia	31140	311	55	32	40	4	43.5	4.35
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	101	85	40	9	49.4	4.94
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	101	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
McIntosh	Georgia	15182	152	247	263	40	29	68.9	6.89
Miller	Georgia	7570	76	96	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Mitchell	Georgia	31797	318	94	63	40	7	46.9	4.69
Pierce	Georgia	20672	207	189	155	40	17	57.1	5.71
Seminole	Georgia	11294	113	96	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Thomas	Georgia	53622	536	55	41	40	5	44.5	4.45
Ware	Georgia	41609	416	199	192	40	21	61.1	6.11
Wayne	Georgia	35488	355	241	186	40	20	60.5	6.05

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	27853	279	90	65	40	7	47.2	4.72
Henry	Alabama	7620	76	115	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Houston	Alabama	8996	90	96	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Geneva	Alabama	48971	490	90	110	40	12	52.1	5.21

Table 5-6. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time)

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	109705	1097	18	9.2	40	1	41.0	4.10
Baker	Florida	10344	103	67	55	40	6	46.1	4.61
Bradford	Florida	10562	106	51	37	40	4	44.1	4.41
Citrus	Florida	97350	974	95	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
Clay	Florida	102904	1029	78	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	52	51	40	6	45.6	4.56
Dixie	Florida	3552	36	52	44	40	5	44.8	4.48
Duval	Florida	492790	4928	76	63	40	7	46.9	4.69
Gilchrist	Florida	4838	48	49	35	40	4	43.9	4.39
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	68	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Hernando	Florida	84291	843	119	109	40	12	52.0	5.20
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	95	105	40	12	51.6	5.16
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	83	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Lake	Florida	101584	1016	99	99	40	11	50.9	5.09
Madison	Florida	9848	98	95	105	40	12	51.6	5.16
Marion	Florida	134557	1346	68	58	40	6	46.4	4.64
Nassau	Florida	24041	240	103	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
Putnam	Florida	26959	270	72	56	40	6	46.2	4.62
St. Johns	Florida	93323	933	112	85	40	9	49.4	4.94
Sumter	Florida	34210	342	79	80	40	9	48.8	4.88
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	63	66	40	7	47.3	4.73
Taylor	Florida	4591	46	105	93	40	10	50.2	5.02

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Union	Florida	6894	69	62	47	40	5	45.2	4.52
Volusia	Florida	339167	3392	120	111	40	12	52.2	5.22
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	109	116	40	13	52.8	5.28
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	112	121	40	13	53.3	5.33
Echols	Georgia	6654	67	100	90	40	10	49.9	4.99
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	91	99	40	11	50.9	5.09
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	96	100	40	11	51.0	5.10

Table 5-7. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time to Deerhaven (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	109705	1097	18	9.2	40	1	41.0	4.10
Citrus	Florida	97350	974	95	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
Dixie	Florida	3552	36	52	44	40	5	44.8	4.48
Gilchrist	Florida	4838	48	49	35	40	4	43.9	4.39
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	68	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Hernando	Florida	84291	843	119	109	40	12	52.0	5.20
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	83	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Lake	Florida	101584	1016	99	99	40	11	50.9	5.09
Marion	Florida	134557	1346	68	58	40	6	46.4	4.64
Putnam	Florida	26959	270	72	56	40	6	46.2	4.62
Sumter	Florida	34210	342	79	80	40	9	48.8	4.88
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	63	66	40	7	47.3	4.73
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	112	121	40	13	53.3	5.33
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	91	99	40	11	50.9	5.09
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	96	100	40	11	51.0	5.10

Table 5-8. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time)

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	109705	1097	69	53.5	40	6	45.9	4.59
Baker	Florida	10344	103	23	23	40	3	42.5	4.25
Bradford	Florida	10562	106	36	32	40	4	43.5	4.35
Clay	Florida	102904	1029	50	44	40	5	44.8	4.48
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	50	48	40	5	45.3	4.53
Duval	Florida	492790	4928	8	8	40	1	40.9	4.09
Flagler	Florida	52501	525	96	87	40	10	49.6	4.96
Gilchrist	Florida	4838	48	100	100	40	11	51.0	5.10
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	76	73	40	8	48.0	4.80
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	98	110	40	12	52.1	5.21
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	105	96	40	11	50.6	5.06
Madison	Florida	9848	98	98	110	40	12	52.1	5.21
Marion	Florida	134557	1346	117	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Nassau	Florida	24041	240	33	25	40	3	42.8	4.28
Putnam	Florida	26959	270	85	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
St. Johns	Florida	93323	933	67	65	40	7	47.2	4.72
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	66	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Union	Florida	6894	69	34	28	40	3	43.1	4.31
Volusia	Florida	339167	3392	101	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Brantley	Georgia	21391	214	94	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	112	120	40	13	53.2	5.32

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Camden	Georgia	69543	695	70	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Charlton	Georgia	13944	139	69	50	40	6	45.5	4.55
Clinch	Georgia	8745	87	113	88	40	10	49.7	4.97
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	118	127	40	14	54.0	5.40
Echols	Georgia	6654	67	93	78	40	9	48.6	4.86
Glynn	Georgia	83827	838	86	91	40	10	50.0	5.00
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	94	104	40	11	51.4	5.14
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	102	106	40	12	51.7	5.17
McIntosh	Georgia	15182	152	109	108	40	12	51.9	5.19
Pierce	Georgia	20672	207	107	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Ware	Georgia	41609	416	69	50	40	6	45.5	4.55

Table 5-9. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Baker	Florida	10344	103	23	23	40	3	42.5	4.25
Bradford	Florida	10562	106	36	32	40	4	43.5	4.35
Clay	Florida	102904	1029	50	44	40	5	44.8	4.48
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	50	48	40	5	45.3	4.53
Duval	Florida	492790	4928	8	8	40	1	40.9	4.09
Flagler	Florida	52501	525	96	87	40	10	49.6	4.96
Nassau	Florida	24041	240	33	25	40	3	42.8	4.28
St. Johns	Florida	93323	933	67	65	40	7	47.2	4.72
Union	Florida	6894	69	34	28	40	3	43.1	4.31
Volusia	Florida	339167	3392	101	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Brantley	Georgia	21391	214	94	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Camden	Georgia	69543	695	70	60	40	7	46.6	4.66
Charlton	Georgia	13944	139	69	50	40	6	45.5	4.55
Clinch	Georgia	8745	87	113	88	40	10	49.7	4.97
Echols	Georgia	6654	67	93	78	40	9	48.6	4.86
Glynn	Georgia	83827	838	86	91	40	10	50.0	5.00
McIntosh	Georgia	15182	152	109	108	40	12	51.9	5.19
Pierce	Georgia	20672	207	107	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Ware	Georgia	41609	416	69	50	40	6	45.5	4.55

Table 5-10. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time)

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	3806	38	9	4	40	0	40.4	4.04
Columbia	Florida	39711	397	108	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Dixie	Florida	3552	36	118	114	40	13	52.5	5.25
Franklin	Florida	5661	57	99	72	40	8	47.9	4.79
Gadsden	Florida	14850	149	31	24	40	3	42.6	4.26
Hamilton	Florida	4579	46	110	106	40	12	51.7	5.17
Holmes	Florida	4731	47	66	91	40	10	50.0	5.00
Jackson	Florida	24387	244	90	86	40	9	49.5	4.95
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	52	53	40	6	45.8	4.58
Lafayette	Florida	1741	17	111	102	40	11	51.2	5.12
Leon	Florida	152504	1525	23	11	40	1	41.2	4.12
Liberty	Florida	2062	21	46	33	40	4	43.6	4.36
Madison	Florida	9848	98	52	53	40	6	45.8	4.58
Suwannee	Florida	12926	129	91	97	40	11	50.7	5.07
Taylor	Florida	4591	46	73	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Wakulla	Florida	7383	74	33	24	40	3	42.6	4.26
Walton	Florida	46180	462	117	124	40	14	53.6	5.36
Washington	Florida	9395	94	83	86	40	9	49.5	4.95
Baker	Georgia	5217	52	97	75	40	8	48.3	4.83
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	83	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Colquitt	Georgia	54626	546	90	66	40	7	47.3	4.73

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Cook	Georgia	20835	208	119	83	40	9	49.1	4.91
Decatur	Georgia	35662	356	52	42	40	5	44.6	4.46
Dougherty	Georgia	112838	1130	133	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Early	Georgia	14917	149	95	81	40	9	48.9	4.89
Grady	Georgia	31140	311	55	32	40	4	43.5	4.35
Lanier	Georgia	10506	105	101	85	40	9	49.4	4.94
Lowndes	Georgia	125105	1251	101	79	40	9	48.7	4.87
Miller	Georgia	7570	76	96	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Mitchell	Georgia	31797	318	94	63	40	7	46.9	4.69
Seminole	Georgia	11294	113	96	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Thomas	Georgia	53622	536	55	41	40	5	44.5	4.45
Worth	Georgia	27853	279	90	65	40	7	47.2	4.72
Henry	Alabama	7620	76	115	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Houston	Alabama	8996	90	96	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Geneva	Alabama	48971	490	90	110	40	12	52.1	5.21

Table 5-11. Delivered cost for MSW used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a 2-hour travel time with competing demand)

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	3806	38	9	4	40	0	40.4	4.04
Franklin	Florida	5661	57	99	72	40	8	47.9	4.79
Gadsden	Florida	14850	149	31	24	40	3	42.6	4.26
Holmes	Florida	4731	47	66	91	40	10	50.0	5.00
Jackson	Florida	24387	244	90	86	40	9	49.5	4.95
Jefferson	Florida	7817	78	52	53	40	6	45.8	4.58
Leon	Florida	152504	1525	23	11	40	1	41.2	4.12
Liberty	Florida	2062	21	46	33	40	4	43.6	4.36
Madison	Florida	9848	98	52	53	40	6	45.8	4.58
Taylor	Florida	4591	46	73	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Wakulla	Florida	7383	74	33	24	40	3	42.6	4.26
Walton	Florida	46180	462	117	124	40	14	53.6	5.36
Washington	Florida	9395	94	83	86	40	9	49.5	4.95
Baker	Georgia	5217	52	97	75	40	8	48.3	4.83
Brooks	Georgia	20227	202	83	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Colquitt	Georgia	54626	546	90	66	40	7	47.3	4.73
Decatur	Georgia	35662	357	52	42	40	5	44.6	4.46
Dougherty	Georgia	112838	1128	133	92	40	10	50.1	5.01
Early	Georgia	14917	149	95	81	40	9	48.9	4.89
Grady	Georgia	31140	311	55	32	40	4	43.5	4.35
Miller	Georgia	7570	76	96	67	40	7	47.4	4.74

County	State	MSW (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Mitchell	Georgia	31797	318	94	63	40	7	46.9	4.69
Seminole	Georgia	11294	113	96	67	40	7	47.4	4.74
Thomas	Georgia	53622	536	55	41	40	5	44.5	4.45
Worth	Georgia	27853	279	90	65	40	7	47.2	4.72
Henry	Alabama	7620	76	115	112	40	12	52.3	5.23
Houston	Alabama	8996	90	96	71	40	8	47.8	4.78
Geneva	Alabama	48971	490	90	110	40	12	52.1	5.21

6. YARD WASTE

6.1. Fuel Description

Yard waste is defined as the part of solid waste composed of vegetative matter resulting from landscaping maintenance or land clearing operations and includes materials such as tree and shrub trimmings, grass clippings, palm fronds, trees and tree stumps (Chapter 62-701, Florida Administrative Code). In Florida, roughly 4.3 million metric tons of yard trash was collected in 2005 and of this quantity a little more than half (54%) was recycled.

6.2. Current Management

In Florida yard waste is banned from disposal in lined landfill facilities. It is collected either by separate curbside collection or by the use of drop off facilities where a resident can go and drop off the yard waste. Disposal pathways for yard waste include mulch, composting/co-composting, tilled into the soil, and combustion. Similar bans on disposal of yard waste in lined landfills are also in place in Georgia. Effective Sept 1, 1996, each city, county and solid waste management authority is required to impose restrictions on yard waste generated in, or disposed within, their jurisdiction. The restriction requires that yard waste not be mixed with other MSW waste, be sorted and stored for collection in a fashion that facilitates composting or used as mulch or other beneficial reuse (GDCA, 2004).

6.3. Waste Projection

For the yard waste projections in the study area, the quantity of yard waste was calculated using the values reported by the various counties for waste generation. The amount of yard waste produced at different counties within the study region was projected using the projected population data and rate of production (Table 6-1).

Table 6-1. County level yard waste projections (in tons) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	29,255	29,720	30,168	30,608	31,070	31,527
Baker	Florida	3,708	3,769	3,839	3,914	3,966	4,017
Bay	Florida	19,523	19,838	20,139	20,429	20,726	21,018
Bradford	Florida	4,637	4,690	4,737	4,785	4,832	4,879
Calhoun	Florida	359	363	366	368	372	377
Citrus	Florida	43,267	44,179	45,047	45,893	46,772	47,637
Clay	Florida	20,930	21,577	22,208	22,828	23,449	24,061
Columbia	Florida	2,647	2,707	2,769	2,830	2,879	2,926
Dixie	Florida	807	823	837	850	865	880
Duval	Florida	150,575	152,966	155,276	157,539	159,919	162,268
Flagler	Florida	21,000	22,085	23,003	23,829	24,949	26,057
Franklin	Florida	2,702	2,810	2,919	3,023	3,068	3,106
Gadsden	Florida	5,269	5,318	5,358	5,392	5,432	5,471
Gilchrist	Florida	161	166	171	176	180	184
Gulf	Florida	6,728	6,797	6,850	6,901	6,960	7,022
Hamilton	Florida	1,145	1,155	1,167	1,180	1,188	1,196
Hernando	Florida	23,414	23,954	24,446	24,910	25,452	25,988
Holmes	Florida	394	397	401	404	407	409
Jackson	Florida	4,258	4,318	4,373	4,424	4,464	4,500
Jefferson	Florida	927	937	946	955	963	972
Lafayette	Florida	92	92	92	92	93	94
Lake	Florida	32,652	33,798	34,912	36,005	37,109	38,199
Leon	Florida	17,942	18,251	18,536	18,806	19,130	19,450
Levy	Florida	774	792	812	831	848	864
Liberty	Florida	169	171	172	172	173	175
Madison	Florida	1,672	1,688	1,702	1,717	1,731	1,745
Marion	Florida	39,383	40,475	41,507	42,499	43,561	44,606
Nassau	Florida	633	651	670	690	706	722
Orange	Florida	235,706	242,347	248,993	255,595	261,873	268,057
Pasco	Florida	84,286	86,391	88,286	90,062	92,209	94,328
Putnam	Florida	12,254	12,358	12,469	12,577	12,675	12,777
St. Johns	Florida	27,573	28,635	29,655	30,648	31,680	32,703
Sumter	Florida	6,284	6,527	6,717	6,876	7,136	7,395
Suwannee	Florida	2,693	2,751	2,812	2,876	2,928	2,980
Taylor	Florida	1,640	1,666	1,691	1,716	1,741	1,767
Union	Florida	2,103	2,136	2,162	2,185	2,210	2,231
Volusia	Florida	139,657	142,393	145,097	147,760	150,359	152,912
Wakulla	Florida	127	133	138	143	147	151
Walton	Florida	1,592	1,618	1,642	1,666	1,691	1,716

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Washington	Florida	671	690	709	727	739	750
Baker	Georgia	858	869	880	891	902	913
Brantley	Georgia	3,516	3,629	3,746	3,866	3,990	4,117
Brooks	Georgia	3,325	3,348	3,371	3,394	3,417	3,440
Calhoun	Georgia	1,458	1,496	1,535	1,576	1,617	1,659
Camden	Georgia	11,432	11,943	12,478	13,036	13,619	14,228
Charlton	Georgia	2,292	2,340	2,390	2,440	2,491	2,543
Clinch	Georgia	1,438	1,454	1,471	1,488	1,506	1,523
Colquitt	Georgia	8,980	9,112	9,247	9,383	9,522	9,662
Cook	Georgia	3,425	3,484	3,544	3,605	3,667	3,730
Decatur	Georgia	5,862	5,925	5,988	6,052	6,116	6,182
Dougherty	Georgia	18,549	18,554	18,559	18,564	18,569	18,574
Early	Georgia	2,452	2,462	2,473	2,483	2,494	2,504
Echols	Georgia	1,094	1,160	1,231	1,306	1,385	1,470
Glynn	Georgia	13,780	13,892	14,004	14,118	14,233	14,348
Grady	Georgia	5,119	5,204	5,291	5,379	5,469	5,560
Lanier	Georgia	1,727	1,780	1,835	1,892	1,951	2,011
Lowndes	Georgia	20,565	21,002	21,448	21,903	22,368	22,843
McIntosh	Georgia	2,496	2,560	2,625	2,692	2,761	2,832
Miller	Georgia	1,244	1,246	1,248	1,250	1,253	1,255
Mitchell	Georgia	5,227	5,321	5,417	5,515	5,614	5,716
Pierce	Georgia	3,398	3,457	3,517	3,578	3,640	3,703
Seminole	Georgia	1,857	1,864	1,871	1,879	1,886	1,894
Thomas	Georgia	8,815	8,901	8,987	9,075	9,163	9,252
Ware	Georgia	6,840	6,840	6,840	6,841	6,841	6,841
Wayne	Georgia	5,834	5,943	6,055	6,169	6,286	6,404
Worth	Georgia	4,579	4,630	4,682	4,735	4,788	4,842
Henry	Alabama	1,253	1,269	1,285	1,301	1,318	1,334
Houston	Alabama	1,479	1,498	1,517	1,536	1,556	1,575
Geneva	Alabama	8,050	8,062	8,164	8,264	8,374	8,479

Table 6-2 presents yard waste projections in potential Btu of energy if all yard waste produced is used as fuel. A value of 4,200 Btu/lb was used for the energy conversion.

Table 6-2. County level yard waste projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	246	250	253	257	261	265
Baker	Florida	31	32	32	33	33	34
Bay	Florida	164	167	169	172	174	177
Bradford	Florida	39	39	40	40	41	41
Calhoun	Florida	3	3	3	3	3	3
Citrus	Florida	363	371	378	386	393	400
Clay	Florida	176	181	187	192	197	202
Columbia	Florida	22	23	23	24	24	25
Dixie	Florida	7	7	7	7	7	7
Duval	Florida	1265	1285	1304	1323	1343	1363
Flagler	Florida	176	186	193	200	210	219
Franklin	Florida	23	24	25	25	26	26
Gadsden	Florida	44	45	45	45	46	46
Gilchrist	Florida	1	1	1	1	2	2
Gulf	Florida	57	57	58	58	58	59
Hamilton	Florida	10	10	10	10	10	10
Hernando	Florida	197	201	205	209	214	218
Holmes	Florida	3	3	3	3	3	3
Jackson	Florida	36	36	37	37	37	38
Jefferson	Florida	8	8	8	8	8	8
Lafayette	Florida	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lake	Florida	274	284	293	302	312	321
Leon	Florida	151	153	156	158	161	163
Levy	Florida	7	7	7	7	7	7
Liberty	Florida	1	1	1	1	1	1
Madison	Florida	14	14	14	14	15	15
Marion	Florida	331	340	349	357	366	375
Nassau	Florida	5	5	6	6	6	6
Orange	Florida	1980	2036	2092	2147	2200	2252
Pasco	Florida	708	726	742	757	775	792
Putnam	Florida	103	104	105	106	106	107
St. Johns	Florida	232	241	249	257	266	275
Sumter	Florida	53	55	56	58	60	62
Suwannee	Florida	23	23	24	24	25	25
Taylor	Florida	14	14	14	14	15	15
Union	Florida	18	18	18	18	19	19
Volusia	Florida	1173	1196	1219	1241	1263	1284
Wakulla	Florida	1	1	1	1	1	1

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Walton	Florida	13	14	14	14	14	14
Washington	Florida	6	6	6	6	6	6
Baker	Georgia	7	7	7	7	8	8
Brantley	Georgia	30	30	31	32	34	35
Brooks	Georgia	28	28	28	29	29	29
Calhoun	Georgia	12	13	13	13	14	14
Camden	Georgia	96	100	105	110	114	120
Charlton	Georgia	19	20	20	20	21	21
Clinch	Georgia	12	12	12	13	13	13
Colquitt	Georgia	75	77	78	79	80	81
Cook	Georgia	29	29	30	30	31	31
Decatur	Georgia	49	50	50	51	51	52
Dougherty	Georgia	156	156	156	156	156	156
Early	Georgia	21	21	21	21	21	21
Echols	Georgia	9	10	10	11	12	12
Glynn	Georgia	116	117	118	119	120	121
Grady	Georgia	43	44	44	45	46	47
Lanier	Georgia	15	15	15	16	16	17
Lowndes	Georgia	173	176	180	184	188	192
McIntosh	Georgia	21	22	22	23	23	24
Miller	Georgia	10	10	10	11	11	11
Mitchell	Georgia	44	45	46	46	47	48
Pierce	Georgia	29	29	30	30	31	31
Seminole	Georgia	16	16	16	16	16	16
Thomas	Georgia	74	75	75	76	77	78
Ware	Georgia	57	57	57	57	57	57
Wayne	Georgia	49	50	51	52	53	54
Worth	Georgia	38	39	39	40	40	41
Henry	Alabama	11	11	11	11	11	11
Houston	Alabama	12	13	13	13	13	13
Geneva	Alabama	68	68	69	69	70	71

6.4. Feasibility Assessment

Within a specific region yard waste is collected at several clean wood recycling facilities. Part of yard waste from households also gets dropped off at an active landfill site or at a transfer station. This yard waste gets ground and composted on site and given away to the public free as mulch. The processing cost of yard waste for fuel applications (grinding and producing mulch type end

product) is approximately \$20/ton (personal communication, Florida Wood Recycling, Town of Medley, 2007). The transportation cost was calculated based on the distance from the waste disposal facility and the corresponding nearest power plant facility. Tables 6-3 thru 6-5 present the delivered cost per MMBtu for yard waste from counties to the three power generation units targeted in this study. The scenario of all the waste from a specific county being available for all the three facilities is shown (without competing demand between facilities). The cost calculations are only for the year 2007. The other two scenarios for the three facilities one considering two hour travel time from the waste collection center to the power plant (with no competing demand) and the other considering the 2-hour travel time with competing demand (and assuming that the waste goes to the nearest facility in case of two or more facilities being within a travel time range of 2-hour is presented for the three facilities in Table 6-6 thru 6-11. Similar calculation can be performed for other years. The major part of cost is from the processing of waste before its use as fuel. As mentioned before in this document, the income from tipping fee has not been included in this calculation.

Table 6-3. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility.

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	29255	246	18	9.2	20	1	21.0	2.50
Baker	Florida	3708	31	67	55	20	6	26.1	3.10
Bay	Florida	19523	164	266	266	20	29	49.3	5.86
Bradford	Florida	4637	39	51	37	20	4	24.1	2.87
Calhoun	Florida	359	3	174	149	20	16	36.4	4.33
Citrus	Florida	43267	363	95	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
Clay	Florida	20930	176	78	60	20	7	26.6	3.17
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	52	51	20	6	25.6	3.05
Dixie	Florida	807	7	52	44	20	5	24.8	2.96
Duval	Florida	150575	1265	76	63	20	7	26.9	3.21
Flagler	Florida	21000	176	123	81	20	9	28.9	3.44
Franklin	Florida	2702	23	222	208	20	23	42.9	5.10
Gadsden	Florida	5269	44	152	167	20	18	38.4	4.57
Gilchrist	Florida	161	1	49	35	20	4	23.9	2.84
Gulf	Florida	6728	57	255	243	20	27	46.7	5.56
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	68	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Hernando	Florida	23414	197	119	109	20	12	32.0	3.81
Holmes	Florida	394	3	208	234	20	26	45.7	5.45
Jackson	Florida	4258	36	209	225	20	25	44.8	5.33
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	95	105	20	12	31.6	3.76
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	83	60	20	7	26.6	3.17

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	32652	274	99	99	20	11	30.9	3.68
Leon	Florida	17942	151	129	135	20	15	34.9	4.15
Levy	Florida	774	7	69	48	20	5	25.3	3.01
Liberty	Florida	169	1	173	185	20	20	40.4	4.80
Madison	Florida	1672	14	95	105	20	12	31.6	3.76
Marion	Florida	39383	331	68	58	20	6	26.4	3.14
Nassau	Florida	633	5	103	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
Orange	Florida	235706	1980	134	137	20	15	35.1	4.18
Pasco	Florida	84286	708	145	139	20	15	35.3	4.20
Putnam	Florida	12254	103	72	56	20	6	26.2	3.11
St. Johns	Florida	27573	232	112	85	20	9	29.4	3.49
Sumter	Florida	6284	53	79	80	20	9	28.8	3.43
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	63	66	20	7	27.3	3.25
Taylor	Florida	1640	14	105	93	20	10	30.2	3.60
Union	Florida	2103	18	62	47	20	5	25.2	3.00
Volusia	Florida	139657	1173	120	111	20	12	32.2	3.83
Wakulla	Florida	127	1	160	164	20	18	38.0	4.53
Walton	Florida	1592	13	240	267	20	29	49.4	5.88
Washington	Florida	671	6	205	229	20	25	45.2	5.38
Baker	Georgia	858	7	187	185	20	20	40.4	4.80
Brantley	Georgia	3516	30	163	119	20	13	33.1	3.94
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	109	116	20	13	32.8	3.90

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	1458	12	228	214	20	24	43.5	5.18
Camden	Georgia	11432	96	135	116	20	13	32.8	3.90
Charlton	Georgia	2292	19	131	97	20	11	30.7	3.65
Clinch	Georgia	1438	12	133	135	20	15	34.9	4.15
Colquitt	Georgia	8980	75	150	141	20	16	35.5	4.23
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	112	121	20	13	33.3	3.97
Decatur	Georgia	5862	49	174	185	20	20	40.4	4.80
Dougherty	Georgia	18549	156	178	178	20	20	39.6	4.71
Early	Georgia	2452	21	227	224	20	25	44.6	5.31
Echols	Georgia	1094	9	100	90	20	10	29.9	3.56
Glynn	Georgia	13780	116	153	145	20	16	36.0	4.28
Grady	Georgia	5119	43	172	170	20	19	38.7	4.61
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	91	99	20	11	30.9	3.68
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	96	100	20	11	31.0	3.69
McIntosh	Georgia	2496	21	175	164	20	18	38.0	4.53
Miller	Georgia	1244	10	212	203	20	22	42.3	5.04
Mitchell	Georgia	5227	44	173	164	20	18	38.0	4.53
Pierce	Georgia	3398	29	174	147	20	16	36.2	4.31
Seminole	Georgia	1857	16	212	203	20	22	42.3	5.04
Thomas	Georgia	8815	74	140	138	20	15	35.2	4.19
Ware	Georgia	6840	57	131	97	20	11	30.7	3.65
Wayne	Georgia	5834	49	191	142	20	16	35.6	4.24

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	4579	38	150	141	20	16	35.5	4.23
Henry	Alabama	1253	11	270	273	20	30	50.0	5.96
Houston	Alabama	1479	12	212	203	20	22	42.3	5.04
Geneva	Alabama	8050	68	230	254	20	28	47.9	5.71

Table 6-4. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	29255	246	69	53.5	20	6	25.9	1.85
Baker	Florida	3708	31	23	23	20	3	22.5	1.61
Bay	Florida	19523	164	272	272	20	30	49.9	3.57
Bradford	Florida	4637	39	36	32	20	4	23.5	1.68
Calhoun	Florida	359	3	167	154	20	17	36.9	2.64
Citrus	Florida	43267	363	150	122	20	13	33.4	2.39
Clay	Florida	20930	176	50	44	20	5	24.8	1.77
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	50	48	20	5	25.3	1.81
Dixie	Florida	807	7	127	109	20	12	32.0	2.29
Duval	Florida	150575	1265	8	8	20	1	20.9	1.49
Flagler	Florida	21000	176	96	87	20	10	29.6	2.11
Franklin	Florida	2702	23	228	214	20	24	43.5	3.11
Gadsden	Florida	5269	44	155	171	20	19	38.8	2.77
Gilchrist	Florida	161	1	100	100	20	11	31.0	2.21
Gulf	Florida	6728	57	261	249	20	27	47.4	3.39
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	76	73	20	8	28.0	2.00
Hernando	Florida	23414	197	175	152	20	17	36.7	2.62
Holmes	Florida	394	3	210	239	20	26	46.3	3.31
Jackson	Florida	4258	36	215	232	20	26	45.5	3.25
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.29
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	105	96	20	11	30.6	2.18

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	32652	274	165	142	20	16	35.6	2.54
Leon	Florida	17942	151	135	141	20	16	35.5	2.54
Levy	Florida	774	7	128	93	20	10	30.2	2.16
Liberty	Florida	169	1	176	190	20	21	40.9	2.92
Madison	Florida	1672	14	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.29
Marion	Florida	39383	331	117	92	20	10	30.1	2.15
Nassau	Florida	633	5	33	25	20	3	22.8	1.63
Orange	Florida	235706	1980	161	167	20	18	38.4	2.74
Pasco	Florida	84286	708	200	182	20	20	40.0	2.86
Putnam	Florida	12254	103	85	67	20	7	27.4	1.96
St. Johns	Florida	27573	232	67	65	20	7	27.2	1.94
Sumter	Florida	6284	53	134	123	20	14	33.5	2.40
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	66	71	20	8	27.8	1.99
Taylor	Florida	1640	14	134	135	20	15	34.9	2.49
Union	Florida	2103	18	34	28	20	3	23.1	1.65
Volusia	Florida	139657	1173	101	112	20	12	32.3	2.31
Wakulla	Florida	127	1	182	170	20	19	38.7	2.76
Walton	Florida	1592	13	240	272	20	30	49.9	3.57
Washington	Florida	671	6	207	234	20	26	45.7	3.27
Baker	Georgia	858	7	190	190	20	21	40.9	2.92
Brantley	Georgia	3516	30	94	71	20	8	27.8	1.99
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	112	120	20	13	33.2	2.37

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	1458	12	234	220	20	24	44.2	3.16
Camden	Georgia	11432	96	70	60	20	7	26.6	1.90
Charlton	Georgia	2292	19	69	50	20	6	25.5	1.82
Clinch	Georgia	1438	12	113	88	20	10	29.7	2.12
Colquitt	Georgia	8980	75	155	147	20	16	36.2	2.58
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	118	127	20	14	34.0	2.43
Decatur	Georgia	5862	49	177	190	20	21	40.9	2.92
Dougherty	Georgia	18549	156	185	185	20	20	40.4	2.88
Early	Georgia	2452	21	229	229	20	25	45.2	3.23
Echols	Georgia	1094	9	93	78	20	9	28.6	2.04
Glynn	Georgia	13780	116	86	91	20	10	30.0	2.14
Grady	Georgia	5119	43	178	177	20	19	39.5	2.82
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	94	104	20	11	31.4	2.25
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	102	106	20	12	31.7	2.26
McIntosh	Georgia	2496	21	109	108	20	12	31.9	2.28
Miller	Georgia	1244	10	218	209	20	23	43.0	3.07
Mitchell	Georgia	5227	44	180	171	20	19	38.8	2.77
Pierce	Georgia	3398	29	107	92	20	10	30.1	2.15
Seminole	Georgia	1857	16	218	209	20	23	43.0	3.07
Thomas	Georgia	8815	74	147	144	20	16	35.8	2.56
Ware	Georgia	6840	57	69	50	20	6	25.5	1.82
Wayne	Georgia	5834	49	121	93	20	10	30.2	2.16

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	4579	38	155	147	20	16	36.2	2.58
Henry	Alabama	1253	11	265	254	20	28	47.9	3.42
Houston	Alabama	1479	12	218	209	20	23	43.0	3.07
Geneva	Alabama	8050	68	240	261	20	29	48.7	3.48

Table 6-5. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility.

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	29255	246	154	159	20	17	37.5	4.46
Baker	Florida	3708	31	122	135	20	15	34.9	4.15
Bay	Florida	19523	164	147	126	20	14	33.9	4.03
Bradford	Florida	4637	39	161	164	20	18	38.0	4.53
Calhoun	Florida	359	3	9	4	20	0	20.4	2.43
Citrus	Florida	43267	363	218	221	20	24	44.3	5.28
Clay	Florida	20930	176	181	192	20	21	41.1	4.90
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	108	112	20	12	32.3	3.85
Dixie	Florida	807	7	118	114	20	13	32.5	3.87
Duval	Florida	150575	1265	140	157	20	17	37.3	4.44
Flagler	Florida	21000	176	230	239	20	26	46.3	5.51
Franklin	Florida	2702	23	99	72	20	8	27.9	3.32
Gadsden	Florida	5269	44	31	24	20	3	22.6	2.70
Gilchrist	Florida	161	1	148	151	20	17	36.6	4.36
Gulf	Florida	6728	57	136	97	20	11	30.7	3.65
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	110	106	20	12	31.7	3.77
Hernando	Florida	23414	197	231	187	20	21	40.6	4.83
Holmes	Florida	394	3	66	91	20	10	30.0	3.57
Jackson	Florida	4258	36	90	86	20	9	29.5	3.51
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	52	53	20	6	25.8	3.08
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	111	102	20	11	31.2	3.72

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	32652	274	233	241	20	27	46.5	5.54
Leon	Florida	17942	151	23	11	20	1	21.2	2.53
Levy	Florida	774	7	170	137	20	15	35.1	4.18
Liberty	Florida	169	1	46	33	20	4	23.6	2.81
Madison	Florida	1672	14	52	53	20	6	25.8	3.08
Marion	Florida	39383	331	192	200	20	22	42.0	5.00
Nassau	Florida	633	5	155	178	20	20	39.6	4.71
Orange	Florida	235706	1980	257	279	20	31	50.7	6.03
Pasco	Florida	84286	708	268	281	20	31	50.9	6.06
Putnam	Florida	12254	103	204	206	20	23	42.7	5.08
St. Johns	Florida	27573	232	198	213	20	23	43.4	5.17
Sumter	Florida	6284	53	202	222	20	24	44.4	5.29
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	91	97	20	11	30.7	3.65
Taylor	Florida	1640	14	73	71	20	8	27.8	3.31
Union	Florida	2103	18	145	153	20	17	36.8	4.38
Volusia	Florida	139657	1173	232	260	20	29	48.6	5.79
Wakulla	Florida	127	1	33	24	20	3	22.6	2.70
Walton	Florida	1592	13	117	124	20	14	33.6	4.00
Washington	Florida	671	6	83	86	20	9	29.5	3.51
Baker	Georgia	858	7	97	75	20	8	28.3	3.36
Brantley	Georgia	3516	30	231	215	20	24	43.7	5.20
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	83	67	20	7	27.4	3.26

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	1458	12	130	92	20	10	30.1	3.59
Camden	Georgia	11432	96	208	214	20	24	43.5	5.18
Charlton	Georgia	2292	19	200	192	20	21	41.1	4.90
Clinch	Georgia	1438	12	142	121	20	13	33.3	3.97
Colquitt	Georgia	8980	75	90	66	20	7	27.3	3.25
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	119	83	20	9	29.1	3.47
Decatur	Georgia	5862	49	52	42	20	5	24.6	2.93
Dougherty	Georgia	18549	156	133	92	20	10	30.1	3.59
Early	Georgia	2452	21	95	81	20	9	28.9	3.44
Echols	Georgia	1094	9	130	114	20	13	32.5	3.87
Glynn	Georgia	13780	116	217	239	20	26	46.3	5.51
Grady	Georgia	5119	43	55	32	20	4	23.5	2.80
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	101	85	20	9	29.4	3.49
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	101	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
McIntosh	Georgia	2496	21	247	263	20	29	48.9	5.83
Miller	Georgia	1244	10	96	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Mitchell	Georgia	5227	44	94	63	20	7	26.9	3.21
Pierce	Georgia	3398	29	189	155	20	17	37.1	4.41
Seminole	Georgia	1857	16	96	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Thomas	Georgia	8815	74	55	41	20	5	24.5	2.92
Ware	Georgia	6840	57	199	192	20	21	41.1	4.90
Wayne	Georgia	5834	49	241	186	20	20	40.5	4.82

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	4579	38	90	65	20	7	27.2	3.23
Henry	Alabama	1253	11	115	112	20	12	32.3	3.85
Houston	Alabama	1479	12	96	71	20	8	27.8	3.31
Geneva	Alabama	8050	68	90	110	20	12	32.1	3.82

Table 6-6. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within 2-hour travel time).

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	29255	246	18	9.2	20	1	21.0	2.50
Baker	Florida	3708	31	67	55	20	6	26.1	3.10
Bradford	Florida	4637	39	51	37	20	4	24.1	2.87
Citrus	Florida	43267	363	95	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
Clay	Florida	20930	176	78	60	20	7	26.6	3.17
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	52	51	20	6	25.6	3.05
Dixie	Florida	807	7	52	44	20	5	24.8	2.96
Duval	Florida	150575	1265	76	63	20	7	26.9	3.21
Gilchrist	Florida	161	1	49	35	20	4	23.9	2.84
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	68	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Hernando	Florida	23414	197	119	109	20	12	32.0	3.81
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	95	105	20	12	31.6	3.76
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	83	60	20	7	26.6	3.17
Lake	Florida	32652	274	99	99	20	11	30.9	3.68
Madison	Florida	1672	14	95	105	20	12	31.6	3.76
Marion	Florida	39383	331	68	58	20	6	26.4	3.14
Nassau	Florida	633	5	103	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
Putnam	Florida	12254	103	72	56	20	6	26.2	3.11
St. Johns	Florida	27573	232	112	85	20	9	29.4	3.49
Sumter	Florida	6284	53	79	80	20	9	28.8	3.43
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	63	66	20	7	27.3	3.25

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Taylor	Florida	1640	14	105	93	20	10	30.2	3.60
Union	Florida	2103	18	62	47	20	5	25.2	3.00
Volusia	Florida	139657	1173	120	111	20	12	32.2	3.83
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	109	116	20	13	32.8	3.90
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	112	121	20	13	33.3	3.97
Echols	Georgia	1094	9	100	90	20	10	29.9	3.56
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	91	99	20	11	30.9	3.68
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	96	100	20	11	31.0	3.69

Table 6-7. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within 2-hour travel time with competing demand).

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	29255	246	18	9.2	20	1	21.0	2.50
Citrus	Florida	43267	363	95	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
Dixie	Florida	807	7	52	44	20	5	24.8	2.96
Gilchrist	Florida	161	1	49	35	20	4	23.9	2.84
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	68	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Hernando	Florida	23414	197	119	109	20	12	32.0	3.81
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	83	60	20	7	26.6	3.17
Lake	Florida	32652	274	99	99	20	11	30.9	3.68
Marion	Florida	39383	331	68	58	20	6	26.4	3.14
Putnam	Florida	12254	103	72	56	20	6	26.2	3.11
Sumter	Florida	6284	53	79	80	20	9	28.8	3.43
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	63	66	20	7	27.3	3.25
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	112	121	20	13	33.3	3.97
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	91	99	20	11	30.9	3.68
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	96	100	20	11	31.0	3.69

Table 6-8. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the JAX Brandy Branch facility (within 2-hour travel time).

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	29255	246	69	53.5	20	6	25.9	1.85
Baker	Florida	3708	31	23	23	20	3	22.5	1.61
Bradford	Florida	4637	39	36	32	20	4	23.5	1.68
Clay	Florida	20930	176	50	44	20	5	24.8	1.77
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	50	48	20	5	25.3	1.81
Duval	Florida	150575	1265	8	8	20	1	20.9	1.49
Flagler	Florida	21000	176	96	87	20	10	29.6	2.11
Gilchrist	Florida	161	1	100	100	20	11	31.0	2.21
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	76	73	20	8	28.0	2.00
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.29
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	105	96	20	11	30.6	2.18
Madison	Florida	1672	14	98	110	20	12	32.1	2.29
Marion	Florida	39383	331	117	92	20	10	30.1	2.15
Nassau	Florida	633	5	33	25	20	3	22.8	1.63
Putnam	Florida	12254	103	85	67	20	7	27.4	1.96
St. Johns	Florida	27573	232	67	65	20	7	27.2	1.94
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	66	71	20	8	27.8	1.99
Union	Florida	2103	18	34	28	20	3	23.1	1.65
Volusia	Florida	139657	1173	101	112	20	12	32.3	2.31
Brantley	Georgia	3516	30	94	71	20	8	27.8	1.99
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	112	120	20	13	33.2	2.37

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Camden	Georgia	11432	96	70	60	20	7	26.6	1.90
Charlton	Georgia	2292	19	69	50	20	6	25.5	1.82
Clinch	Georgia	1438	12	113	88	20	10	29.7	2.12
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	118	127	20	14	34.0	2.43
Echols	Georgia	1094	9	93	78	20	9	28.6	2.04
Glynn	Georgia	13780	116	86	91	20	10	30.0	2.14
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	94	104	20	11	31.4	2.25
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	102	106	20	12	31.7	2.26
McIntosh	Georgia	2496	21	109	108	20	12	31.9	2.28
Pierce	Georgia	3398	29	107	92	20	10	30.1	2.15
Ware	Georgia	6840	57	69	50	20	6	25.5	1.82

Table 6-9. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility (within 2-hour travel time with competing demand).

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Baker	Florida	3708	31	23	23	20	3	22.5	1.61
Bradford	Florida	4637	39	36	32	20	4	23.5	1.68
Clay	Florida	20930	176	50	44	20	5	24.8	1.77
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	50	48	20	5	25.3	1.81
Duval	Florida	150575	1265	8	8	20	1	20.9	1.49
Flagler	Florida	21000	176	96	87	20	10	29.6	2.11
Nassau	Florida	633	5	33	25	20	3	22.8	1.63
St. Johns	Florida	27573	232	67	65	20	7	27.2	1.94
Union	Florida	2103	18	34	28	20	3	23.1	1.65
Volusia	Florida	139657	1173	101	112	20	12	32.3	2.31
Brantley	Georgia	3516	30	94	71	20	8	27.8	1.99
Camden	Georgia	11432	96	70	60	20	7	26.6	1.90
Charlton	Georgia	2292	19	69	50	20	6	25.5	1.82
Clinch	Georgia	1438	12	113	88	20	10	29.7	2.12
Echols	Georgia	1094	9	93	78	20	9	28.6	2.04
Glynn	Georgia	13780	116	86	91	20	10	30.0	2.14
McIntosh	Georgia	2496	21	109	108	20	12	31.9	2.28
Pierce	Georgia	3398	29	107	92	20	10	30.1	2.15
Ware	Georgia	6840	57	69	50	20	6	25.5	1.82

Table 6-10. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within 2-hour travel time).

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	359	3	9	4	20	0	20.4	2.43
Columbia	Florida	2647	22	108	112	20	12	32.3	3.85
Dixie	Florida	807	7	118	114	20	13	32.5	3.87
Franklin	Florida	2702	23	99	72	20	8	27.9	3.32
Gadsden	Florida	5269	44	31	24	20	3	22.6	2.70
Hamilton	Florida	1145	10	110	106	20	12	31.7	3.77
Holmes	Florida	394	3	66	91	20	10	30.0	3.57
Jackson	Florida	4258	36	90	86	20	9	29.5	3.51
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	52	53	20	6	25.8	3.08
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	111	102	20	11	31.2	3.72
Leon	Florida	17942	151	23	11	20	1	21.2	2.53
Liberty	Florida	169	1	46	33	20	4	23.6	2.81
Madison	Florida	1672	14	52	53	20	6	25.8	3.08
Suwannee	Florida	2693	23	91	97	20	11	30.7	3.65
Taylor	Florida	1640	14	73	71	20	8	27.8	3.31
Wakulla	Florida	127	1	33	24	20	3	22.6	2.70
Walton	Florida	1592	13	117	124	20	14	33.6	4.00
Washington	Florida	671	6	83	86	20	9	29.5	3.51
Baker	Georgia	858	7	97	75	20	8	28.3	3.36
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	83	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Colquitt	Georgia	8980	75	90	66	20	7	27.3	3.25

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Cook	Georgia	3425	29	119	83	20	9	29.1	3.47
Decatur	Georgia	5862	49	52	42	20	5	24.6	2.93
Early	Georgia	2452	21	95	81	20	9	28.9	3.44
Grady	Georgia	5119	43	55	32	20	4	23.5	2.80
Lanier	Georgia	1727	15	101	85	20	9	29.4	3.49
Lowndes	Georgia	20565	173	101	79	20	9	28.7	3.42
Miller	Georgia	1244	10	96	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Mitchell	Georgia	5227	44	94	63	20	7	26.9	3.21
Seminole	Georgia	1857	16	96	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Thomas	Georgia	8815	74	55	41	20	5	24.5	2.92
Worth	Georgia	4579	38	90	65	20	7	27.2	3.23
Henry	Alabama	1253	11	115	112	20	12	32.3	3.85
Houston	Alabama	1479	12	96	71	20	8	27.8	3.31
Geneva	Alabama	8050	68	90	110	20	12	32.1	3.82

Table 6-11. Delivered cost for yard waste used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within 2-hour travel time with competing demand).

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	359	3	9	4	20	0	20.4	2.43
Franklin	Florida	2702	23	99	72	20	8	27.9	3.32
Gadsden	Florida	5269	44	31	24	20	3	22.6	2.70
Holmes	Florida	394	3	66	91	20	10	30.0	3.57
Jackson	Florida	4258	36	90	86	20	9	29.5	3.51
Jefferson	Florida	927	8	52	53	20	6	25.8	3.08
Lafayette	Florida	92	1	111	102	20	11	31.2	3.72
Leon	Florida	17942	151	23	11	20	1	21.2	2.53
Liberty	Florida	169	1	46	33	20	4	23.6	2.81
Madison	Florida	1672	14	52	53	20	6	25.8	3.08
Taylor	Florida	1640	14	73	71	20	8	27.8	3.31
Wakulla	Florida	127	1	33	24	20	3	22.6	2.70
Walton	Florida	1592	13	117	124	20	14	33.6	4.00
Washington	Florida	671	6	83	86	20	9	29.5	3.51
Baker	Georgia	858	7	97	75	20	8	28.3	3.36
Brooks	Georgia	3325	28	83	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Colquitt	Georgia	8980	75	90	66	20	7	27.3	3.25
Decatur	Georgia	5862	49	52	42	20	5	24.6	2.93
Early	Georgia	2452	21	95	81	20	9	28.9	3.44
Grady	Georgia	5119	43	55	32	20	4	23.5	2.80
Miller	Georgia	1244	10	96	67	20	7	27.4	3.26

County	State	Yard Waste (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Mitchell	Georgia	5227	44	94	63	20	7	26.9	3.21
Seminole	Georgia	1857	16	96	67	20	7	27.4	3.26
Thomas	Georgia	8815	74	55	41	20	5	24.5	2.92
Worth	Georgia	4579	38	90	65	20	7	27.2	3.23
Henry	Alabama	1253	11	115	112	20	12	32.3	3.85
Houston	Alabama	1479	12	96	71	20	8	27.8	3.31
Geneva	Alabama	8050	68	90	110	20	12	32.1	3.82

7. TIRES

7.1. Fuel Description

Tires can be used as fuel alternatives. Combustion facilities currently using tires as fuel include: (1) power plants; (2) tire manufacturing plants; (3) cement kilns; (4) pulp and paper plants; and (5) small package steam generators. In order to prevent discarded automobile tires from damaging the environment, it is highly desirable to recycle this material. However, the total mass quantity of tires currently recycled in a given year (not including reuse, retreading, or combustion) is less than 7% of the annual tire generation rate. The number of tires produced each year would continue to far exceed the demand for scrap and used tires. Only a small portion of waste tires are retreaded, and a very small portion is devulcanized by tedious processes. Tires that are not recycled or reused are usually shredded and disposed of in landfills, or stockpiled whole. Stockpiling whole tires creates two significant hazards, mosquitoes and fires.

In addition to fuel alternatives, pyrolysis of tires can be performed to chemically alter the materials of the tire or to derive various products such as carbon black. Burning tires whole obviates the need for expensive shredding operations. However, the burning of whole tires requires a relatively sophisticated high temperature combustion facility to keep emissions within environmental limits. It also requires equipment capable of handling the whole tires and feeding them into the combustion chamber. Most plants currently burning tires for fuel, excluding cement kilns, do not have the capability to burn whole tires. Instead the tires are shredded into chunks ranging from 2 to 6 inches in size prior to being introduced as a fuel. Typically, rubber chunks contain steel wire from the tire beads and steel belts. If the combustion process requires removal of the wire, the cost for combustion is increased. The wire removal from rubber chunks is an expensive process, which requires fine shredding and the use of powerful magnets.

7.2. Current Management

Before the Florida waste tire management program was implemented in 1989, almost all waste tires in the state were either landfilled or stockpiled. Starting in 1989, tires had to be cut or shredded in at least 8 pieces prior to landfill disposal, thereby encouraging the development of alternative uses. Table 7-1 presents some of the potential constructive uses as per the particle size of shredded tires.

Table 7-1. Waste tire usage in different applications based on particle size.

Particle Size	Applications
Whole Tire:	Artificial reefs and breakwaters
	Playground equipment
	Erosion control
	Highway crash barriers
Split or Punched Tire:	Gaskets, seals, washers, shims, and insulators
	Floor mats, belts and shoe soles
	Dock bumpers
	Muffler hangers
Shredded Tire:	Lightweight road construction material
	Playground gravel substitutes
	Sludge composting
Ground Rubber:	Rubber and plastic products (e.g., molded floor mats, mud guards, carpet padding, and plastic adhesives)
	Rubber railroad crossings
	Additives for asphalt pavements

In 2006, 86% of waste tires produced in Florida were constructively utilized. Potential uses include asphalt modification, playground/sports surfacing, soil covers and incineration, among others. Table 7-2 presents a table from a recently published FDEP document on waste tire usage in Florida (FDEP, 2007).

Table 7-2. Year 2006 estimated waste tire usage in Florida (in PTEs¹).

Market	2006 usage of waste tires generated in Florida (PTE)	Applications
Export of used tires	250,000	Primarily to Caribbean/Latin countries
Crumb Rubber Applications		
Highway Uses	870,000	Rubberized asphalt, crack sealant
Playground/sports safety surfaces	860,000	Cushioning material
On-ground Uses	2,400,000	Soil amendments and mulch
Molded Products	1,000,000	Mats, tiles, outdoor tables
Subtotal-Crumb Rubber	5,130,000	
Energy Use		
In-State Industrial TDF	5,270,000	Includes Ridge Generating, Rinker Cemex and Florida Rock
In-State WTE facility	1,850,000	Supplemental energy use by 6 facilities
Out of state TDF	4,200,000	Paper/cement in Georgia and Alabama
Subtotal-TDF	11,320,000	
Civil Engineering		
Drain field aggregate	330,000	Replaces rock/ aggregate
Landfill daily cover	490,000	Displaces soil
Other CE uses	1,170,000	Drainage layer, gas collection, leachate injection trenches
Subtotal CE	1,990,000	
Disposal	3,060,000	Landfill disposal of shredded tires (including >2 million in Dade County)
Total	21,500,000	

¹ A 20 pound passenger tire is 1 PTE; a 100 pound truck tire is 5 PTEs.

7.3. Waste Projection

For the projections of waste tires in the area, the quantity of waste tires was calculated using the values reported by the various counties for its generation. The amount of waste tires produced at different counties within the study region was projected using the projected population data and rate of waste tire production (Table 7-3).

Table 7-3. County level waste tire projections (in tons) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	4,876	4,953	5,028	5,101	5,178	5,254
Baker	Florida	390	397	404	412	417	423
Bay	Florida	4,338	4,409	4,475	4,540	4,606	4,671
Bradford	Florida	258	261	263	266	268	271
Calhoun	Florida	574	581	585	590	596	603
Citrus	Florida	2,704	2,761	2,815	2,868	2,923	2,977
Clay	Florida	3,488	3,596	3,701	3,805	3,908	4,010
Columbia	Florida	1,765	1,805	1,846	1,887	1,919	1,951
Dixie	Florida	161	165	167	170	173	176
Duval	Florida	13,689	13,906	14,116	14,322	14,538	14,752
Flagler	Florida	4,200	4,417	4,601	4,766	4,990	5,211
Franklin	Florida	129	134	139	144	146	148
Gadsden	Florida	479	483	487	490	494	497
Gilchrist	Florida	161	166	171	176	180	184
Gulf	Florida	280	283	285	288	290	293
Hamilton	Florida	88	89	90	91	91	92
Hernando	Florida	2,341	2,395	2,445	2,491	2,545	2,599
Holmes	Florida	315	318	321	323	325	328
Jackson	Florida	1,161	1,178	1,193	1,206	1,217	1,227
Jefferson	Florida	265	268	270	273	275	278
Lafayette	Florida	153	154	154	153	155	156
Lake	Florida	7,256	7,511	7,758	8,001	8,246	8,489
Leon	Florida	8,971	9,126	9,268	9,403	9,565	9,725
Levy	Florida	258	264	271	277	283	288
Liberty	Florida	34	34	34	34	35	35
Madison	Florida	372	375	378	382	385	388
Marion	Florida	3,282	3,373	3,459	3,542	3,630	3,717
Nassau	Florida	1,265	1,301	1,340	1,381	1,413	1,444
Orange	Florida	42,856	44,063	45,271	46,472	47,613	48,738
Pasco	Florida	14,048	14,399	14,714	15,010	15,368	15,721
Putnam	Florida	817	824	831	838	845	852
St. Johns	Florida	4,242	4,405	4,562	4,715	4,874	5,031
Sumter	Florida	1,396	1,451	1,493	1,528	1,586	1,643
Suwannee	Florida	539	550	562	575	586	596
Taylor	Florida	219	222	225	229	232	236
Union	Florida	234	237	240	243	246	248
Volusia	Florida	19,951	20,342	20,728	21,109	21,480	21,845
Wakulla	Florida	636	665	691	716	736	755
Walton	Florida	3,185	3,235	3,284	3,332	3,382	3,432

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Washington	Florida	168	173	177	182	185	187
Baker	Georgia	143	145	147	148	150	152
Brantley	Georgia	586	605	624	644	665	686
Brooks	Georgia	554	558	562	566	569	573
Calhoun	Georgia	243	249	256	263	269	276
Camden	Georgia	1,905	1,991	2,080	2,173	2,270	2,371
Charlton	Georgia	382	390	398	407	415	424
Clinch	Georgia	240	242	245	248	251	254
Colquitt	Georgia	1,497	1,519	1,541	1,564	1,587	1,610
Cook	Georgia	571	581	591	601	611	622
Decatur	Georgia	977	987	998	1,009	1,019	1,030
Dougherty	Georgia	3,091	3,092	3,093	3,094	3,095	3,096
Early	Georgia	409	410	412	414	416	417
Echols	Georgia	182	193	205	218	231	245
Glynn	Georgia	2,297	2,315	2,334	2,353	2,372	2,391
Grady	Georgia	853	867	882	897	911	927
Lanier	Georgia	288	297	306	315	325	335
Lowndes	Georgia	3,428	3,500	3,575	3,651	3,728	3,807
McIntosh	Georgia	416	427	438	449	460	472
Miller	Georgia	207	208	208	208	209	209
Mitchell	Georgia	871	887	903	919	936	953
Pierce	Georgia	566	576	586	596	607	617
Seminole	Georgia	309	311	312	313	314	316
Thomas	Georgia	1,469	1,483	1,498	1,512	1,527	1,542
Ware	Georgia	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140
Wayne	Georgia	972	991	1,009	1,028	1,048	1,067
Worth	Georgia	763	772	780	789	798	807
Henry	Alabama	209	211	214	217	220	222
Houston	Alabama	246	250	253	256	259	263
Geneva	Alabama	1,342	1,344	1,361	1,377	1,396	1,413

Table 7-4 presents the energy value of the waste tire projections in potential Btu of energy if all these waste tires are used as fuel. A value of 14,000 Btu/lb was used for the energy conversion. This value is the average heat value from the two studies related to wood combustion as presented in the previous chapter.

Table 7-4. County level waste tire projections (in billion Btu) for the next 5 years.

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Alachua	Florida	137.0	139.0	141.0	143.0	145.0	147.0
Baker	Florida	11.0	11.0	11.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Bay	Florida	121.0	123.0	125.0	127.0	129.0	131.0
Bradford	Florida	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.6
Calhoun	Florida	16.0	16.0	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Citrus	Florida	76.0	77.0	79.0	80.0	82.0	83.0
Clay	Florida	98.0	101.0	104.0	107.0	109.0	112.0
Columbia	Florida	49.0	51.0	52.0	53.0	54.0	55.0
Dixie	Florida	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9
Duval	Florida	383.3	389.4	395.2	401.0	407.1	413.0
Flagler	Florida	118.0	124.0	129.0	133.0	140.0	146.0
Franklin	Florida	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.1
Gadsden	Florida	13.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Gilchrist	Florida	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1
Gulf	Florida	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.2
Hamilton	Florida	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6
Hernando	Florida	66.0	67.0	68.0	70.0	71.0	73.0
Holmes	Florida	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.2
Jackson	Florida	33.0	33.0	33.0	34.0	34.0	34.0
Jefferson	Florida	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.8
Lafayette	Florida	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4
Lake	Florida	203.0	210.0	217.0	224.0	231.0	238.0
Leon	Florida	251.0	256.0	260.0	263.0	268.0	272.0
Levy	Florida	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.8	7.9	8.1
Liberty	Florida	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Madison	Florida	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Marion	Florida	92.0	94.0	97.0	99.0	102.0	104.0
Nassau	Florida	35.0	36.0	38.0	39.0	40.0	40.0
Orange	Florida	1,200.0	1,234.0	1,268.0	1,301.0	1,333.0	1,365.0
Pasco	Florida	393.0	403.0	412.0	420.0	430.0	440.0
Putnam	Florida	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	24.0	24.0
St. Johns	Florida	119.0	123.0	128.0	132.0	136.0	141.0
Sumter	Florida	39.0	41.0	42.0	43.0	44.0	46.0
Suwannee	Florida	15.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	17.0
Taylor	Florida	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0
Union	Florida	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.9
Volusia	Florida	559.0	570.0	580.0	591.0	601.0	612.0
Wakulla	Florida	18.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	21.0	21.0
Walton	Florida	89.0	91.0	92.0	93.0	95.0	96.0

County	State	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Washington	Florida	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2
Baker	Georgia	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Brantley	Georgia	16.0	17.0	17.0	18.0	19.0	19.0
Brooks	Georgia	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Calhoun	Georgia	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0
Camden	Georgia	53.0	56.0	58.0	61.0	64.0	66.0
Charlton	Georgia	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	12.0	12.0
Clinch	Georgia	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Colquitt	Georgia	42.0	43.0	43.0	44.0	44.0	45.0
Cook	Georgia	16.0	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Decatur	Georgia	27.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	29.0	29.0
Dougherty	Georgia	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0
Early	Georgia	11.0	11.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Echols	Georgia	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0
Glynn	Georgia	64.0	65.0	65.0	66.0	66.0	67.0
Grady	Georgia	24.0	24.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	26.0
Lanier	Georgia	8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Lowndes	Georgia	96.0	98.0	100.0	102.0	104.0	107.0
McIntosh	Georgia	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Miller	Georgia	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Mitchell	Georgia	24.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	26.0	27.0
Pierce	Georgia	16.0	16.0	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Seminole	Georgia	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Thomas	Georgia	41.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	43.0	43.0
Ware	Georgia	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0
Wayne	Georgia	27.0	28.0	28.0	29.0	29.0	30.0
Worth	Georgia	21.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	23.0
Henry	Alabama	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Houston	Alabama	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Geneva	Alabama	38.0	38.0	38.0	39.0	39.0	40.0

7.4. Feasibility Assessment

The processing cost of waste tires is approximately \$50/ ton. The transportation cost was calculated based on the distance from the waste collection point in the county to the three power plant facilities. Tables 7-5 thru 7-7 presents the delivered cost per MMBtu for the waste tires as tire derived fuel (TDF) from the different counties to the three power generation units targeted in this study. The scenario of all the waste from a specific county being available for all the three

facilities is being presented (without competing demand between facilities). The cost calculations shown are only for the year 2007. The other two scenarios for the three facilities one considering two hour travel time from the waste collection center to the power plant (with no competing demand) and the other considering the 2-hour travel time with competing demand (and assuming that the waste goes to the nearest facility in case of two or more facilities being within a travel time range of 2-hour is presented for the three facilities in Table 7-8 thru 7-13. Similar calculations can be performed for other years. The major part of the cost is from the processing of waste before its use as fuel. As mentioned before in this document, the income from tipping fees has not been included in this calculation.

As of this date, one of the major consumers for the waste tires in the project region is Wheelabrator Ridge Energy, Inc. facility near Auburndale, in Polk County, Florida. Although Polk County is part of the project boundary, many counties as of this date have an agreement either directly or through another company with this facility. As part of this contract, the waste tires produced in these counties are sent to this facility for its use as fuel. Figure 7-1 shows the proximate location of the facility with an arrow from different counties converging to this incinerator. The counties from where arrows are originating have a contract to send all of their tires or part of this based on contract to this particular incinerator.

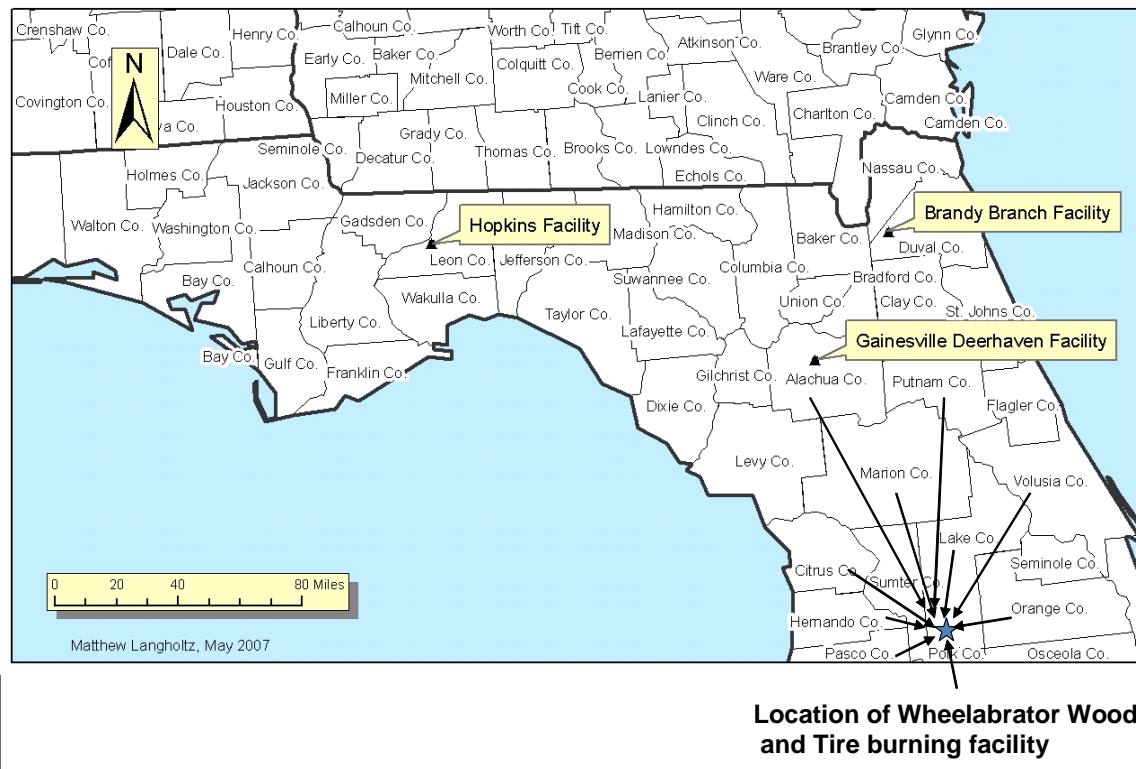


Figure 7-1. Counties sending their waste tires to the Wheelabrator facility in Winter Haven, Polk County, Florida.

Table 7-5. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility.

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	4876	137	18	9.2	50	1	51.0	1.82
Baker	Florida	390	11	67	55	50	6	56.1	2.00
Bay	Florida	4338	121	266	266	50	29	79.3	2.83
Bradford	Florida	258	7	51	37	50	4	54.1	1.93
Calhoun	Florida	574	16	174	149	50	16	66.4	2.37
Citrus	Florida	2704	76	95	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
Clay	Florida	3488	98	78	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Columbia	Florida	1765	49	52	51	50	6	55.6	1.99
Dixie	Florida	161	5	52	44	50	5	54.8	1.96
Duval	Florida	13689	383	76	63	50	7	56.9	2.03
Flagler	Florida	4200	118	123	81	50	9	58.9	2.10
Franklin	Florida	129	4	222	208	50	23	72.9	2.60
Gadsden	Florida	479	13	152	167	50	18	68.4	2.44
Gilchrist	Florida	161	5	49	35	50	4	53.9	1.92
Gulf	Florida	280	8	255	243	50	27	76.7	2.74
Hamilton	Florida	88	2	68	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Hernando	Florida	2341	66	119	109	50	12	62.0	2.21
Holmes	Florida	315	9	208	234	50	26	75.7	2.71
Jackson	Florida	1161	33	209	225	50	25	74.8	2.67
Jefferson	Florida	265	7	95	105	50	12	61.6	2.20
Lafayette	Florida	153	4	83	60	50	7	56.6	2.02

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	7256	203	99	99	50	11	60.9	2.17
Leon	Florida	8971	251	129	135	50	15	64.9	2.32
Levy	Florida	258	7	69	48	50	5	55.3	1.97
Liberty	Florida	34	1	173	185	50	20	70.4	2.51
Madison	Florida	372	10	95	105	50	12	61.6	2.20
Marion	Florida	3282	92	68	58	50	6	56.4	2.01
Nassau	Florida	1265	35	103	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
Orange	Florida	42856	1200	134	137	50	15	65.1	2.32
Pasco	Florida	14048	393	145	139	50	15	65.3	2.33
Putnam	Florida	817	23	72	56	50	6	56.2	2.01
St. Johns	Florida	4242	119	112	85	50	9	59.4	2.12
Sumter	Florida	1396	39	79	80	50	9	58.8	2.10
Suwannee	Florida	539	15	63	66	50	7	57.3	2.05
Taylor	Florida	219	6	105	93	50	10	60.2	2.15
Union	Florida	234	7	62	47	50	5	55.2	1.97
Volusia	Florida	19951	559	120	111	50	12	62.2	2.22
Wakulla	Florida	636	18	160	164	50	18	68.0	2.43
Walton	Florida	3185	89	240	267	50	29	79.4	2.83
Washington	Florida	168	5	205	229	50	25	75.2	2.69
Baker	Georgia	143	4	187	185	50	20	70.4	2.51
Brantley	Georgia	586	16	163	119	50	13	63.1	2.25
Brooks	Georgia	554	16	109	116	50	13	62.8	2.24

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (Btu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	243	7	228	214	50	24	73.5	2.63
Camden	Georgia	1905	53	135	116	50	13	62.8	2.24
Charlton	Georgia	382	11	131	97	50	11	60.7	2.17
Clinch	Georgia	240	7	133	135	50	15	64.9	2.32
Colquitt	Georgia	1497	42	150	141	50	16	65.5	2.34
Cook	Georgia	571	16	112	121	50	13	63.3	2.26
Decatur	Georgia	977	27	174	185	50	20	70.4	2.51
Dougherty	Georgia	3091	87	178	178	50	20	69.6	2.49
Early	Georgia	409	11	227	224	50	25	74.6	2.67
Echols	Georgia	182	5	100	90	50	10	59.9	2.14
Glynn	Georgia	2297	64	153	145	50	16	66.0	2.36
Grady	Georgia	853	24	172	170	50	19	68.7	2.45
Lanier	Georgia	288	8	91	99	50	11	60.9	2.17
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96	96	100	50	11	61.0	2.18
McIntosh	Georgia	416	12	175	164	50	18	68.0	2.43
Miller	Georgia	207	6	212	203	50	22	72.3	2.58
Mitchell	Georgia	871	24	173	164	50	18	68.0	2.43
Pierce	Georgia	566	16	174	147	50	16	66.2	2.36
Seminole	Georgia	309	9	212	203	50	22	72.3	2.58
Thomas	Georgia	1469	41	140	138	50	15	65.2	2.33
Ware	Georgia	1140	32	131	97	50	11	60.7	2.17
Wayne	Georgia	972	27	191	142	50	16	65.6	2.34

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	763	21	150	141	50	16	65.5	2.34
Henry	Alabama	209	6	270	273	50	30	80.0	2.86
Houston	Alabama	246	7	212	203	50	22	72.3	2.58
Geneva	Alabama	1342	38	230	254	50	28	77.9	2.78

Table 7-6. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the JEA Brandy Branch facility.

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	4876	137	69	53.5	50	6	55.9	2.00
Baker	Florida	390	11	23	23	50	3	52.5	1.88
Bay	Florida	4338	121	272	272	50	30	79.9	2.85
Bradford	Florida	258	7	36	32	50	4	53.5	1.91
Calhoun	Florida	574	16	167	154	50	17	66.9	2.39
Citrus	Florida	2704	76	150	122	50	13	63.4	2.27
Clay	Florida	3488	98	50	44	50	5	54.8	1.96
Columbia	Florida	1765	49	50	48	50	5	55.3	1.97
Dixie	Florida	161	5	127	109	50	12	62.0	2.21
Duval	Florida	13689	383	8	8	50	1	50.9	1.82
Flagler	Florida	4200	118	96	87	50	10	59.6	2.13
Franklin	Florida	129	4	228	214	50	24	73.5	2.63
Gadsden	Florida	479	13	155	171	50	19	68.8	2.46
Gilchrist	Florida	161	5	100	100	50	11	61.0	2.18
Gulf	Florida	280	8	261	249	50	27	77.4	2.76
Hamilton	Florida	88	2	76	73	50	8	58.0	2.07
Hernando	Florida	2341	66	175	152	50	17	66.7	2.38
Holmes	Florida	315	9	210	239	50	26	76.3	2.72
Jackson	Florida	1161	33	215	232	50	26	75.5	2.70
Jefferson	Florida	265	7	98	110	50	12	62.1	2.22
Lafayette	Florida	153	4	105	96	50	11	60.6	2.16

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	7256	203	165	142	50	16	65.6	2.34
Leon	Florida	8971	251	135	141	50	16	65.5	2.34
Levy	Florida	258	7	128	93	50	10	60.2	2.15
Liberty	Florida	34	1	176	190	50	21	70.9	2.53
Madison	Florida	372	10	98	110	50	12	62.1	2.22
Marion	Florida	3282	92	117	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Nassau	Florida	1265	35	33	25	50	3	52.8	1.88
Orange	Florida	42856	1200	161	167	50	18	68.4	2.44
Pasco	Florida	14048	393	200	182	50	20	70.0	2.50
Putnam	Florida	817	23	85	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
St. Johns	Florida	4242	119	67	65	50	7	57.2	2.04
Sumter	Florida	1396	39	134	123	50	14	63.5	2.27
Suwannee	Florida	539	15	66	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Taylor	Florida	219	6	134	135	50	15	64.9	2.32
Union	Florida	234	7	34	28	50	3	53.1	1.90
Volusia	Florida	19951	559	101	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Wakulla	Florida	636	18	182	170	50	19	68.7	2.45
Walton	Florida	3185	89	240	272	50	30	79.9	2.85
Washington	Florida	168	5	207	234	50	26	75.7	2.71
Baker	Georgia	143	4	190	190	50	21	70.9	2.53
Brantley	Georgia	586	16	94	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Brooks	Georgia	554	16	112	120	50	13	63.2	2.26

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	243	7	234	220	50	24	74.2	2.65
Camden	Georgia	1905	53	70	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Charlton	Georgia	382	11	69	50	50	6	55.5	1.98
Clinch	Georgia	240	7	113	88	50	10	59.7	2.13
Colquitt	Georgia	1497	42	155	147	50	16	66.2	2.36
Cook	Georgia	571	16	118	127	50	14	64.0	2.28
Decatur	Georgia	977	27	177	190	50	21	70.9	2.53
Dougherty	Georgia	3091	87	185	185	50	20	70.4	2.51
Early	Georgia	409	11	229	229	50	25	75.2	2.69
Echols	Georgia	182	5	93	78	50	9	58.6	2.09
Glynn	Georgia	2297	64	86	91	50	10	60.0	2.14
Grady	Georgia	853	24	178	177	50	19	69.5	2.48
Lanier	Georgia	288	8	94	104	50	11	61.4	2.19
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96	102	106	50	12	61.7	2.20
McIntosh	Georgia	416	12	109	108	50	12	61.9	2.21
Miller	Georgia	207	6	218	209	50	23	73.0	2.61
Mitchell	Georgia	871	24	180	171	50	19	68.8	2.46
Pierce	Georgia	566	16	107	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Seminole	Georgia	309	9	218	209	50	23	73.0	2.61
Thomas	Georgia	1469	41	147	144	50	16	65.8	2.35
Ware	Georgia	1140	32	69	50	50	6	55.5	1.98
Wayne	Georgia	972	27	121	93	50	10	60.2	2.15

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	763	21	155	147	50	16	66.2	2.36
Henry	Alabama	209	6	265	254	50	28	77.9	2.78
Houston	Alabama	246	7	218	209	50	23	73.0	2.61
Geneva	Alabama	1342	38	240	261	50	29	78.7	2.81

Table 7-7. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility.

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	4876	137	154	159	50	17	67.5	2.41
Baker	Florida	390	11	122	135	50	15	64.9	2.32
Bay	Florida	4338	121	147	126	50	14	63.9	2.28
Bradford	Florida	258	7	161	164	50	18	68.0	2.43
Calhoun	Florida	574	16	9	4	50	0	50.4	1.80
Citrus	Florida	2704	76	218	221	50	24	74.3	2.65
Clay	Florida	3488	98	181	192	50	21	71.1	2.54
Columbia	Florida	1765	49	108	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Dixie	Florida	161	5	118	114	50	13	62.5	2.23
Duval	Florida	13689	383	140	157	50	17	67.3	2.40
Flagler	Florida	4200	118	230	239	50	26	76.3	2.72
Franklin	Florida	129	4	99	72	50	8	57.9	2.07
Gadsden	Florida	479	13	31	24	50	3	52.6	1.88
Gilchrist	Florida	161	5	148	151	50	17	66.6	2.38
Gulf	Florida	280	8	136	97	50	11	60.7	2.17
Hamilton	Florida	88	2	110	106	50	12	61.7	2.20
Hernando	Florida	2341	66	231	187	50	21	70.6	2.52
Holmes	Florida	315	9	66	91	50	10	60.0	2.14
Jackson	Florida	1161	33	90	86	50	9	59.5	2.12
Jefferson	Florida	265	7	52	53	50	6	55.8	1.99
Lafayette	Florida	153	4	111	102	50	11	61.2	2.19

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Lake	Florida	7256	203	233	241	50	27	76.5	2.73
Leon	Florida	8971	251	23	11	50	1	51.2	1.83
Levy	Florida	258	7	170	137	50	15	65.1	2.32
Liberty	Florida	34	1	46	33	50	4	53.6	1.92
Madison	Florida	372	10	52	53	50	6	55.8	1.99
Marion	Florida	3282	92	192	200	50	22	72.0	2.57
Nassau	Florida	1265	35	155	178	50	20	69.6	2.49
Orange	Florida	42856	1200	257	279	50	31	80.7	2.88
Pasco	Florida	14048	393	268	281	50	31	80.9	2.89
Putnam	Florida	817	23	204	206	50	23	72.7	2.60
St. Johns	Florida	4242	119	198	213	50	23	73.4	2.62
Sumter	Florida	1396	39	202	222	50	24	74.4	2.66
Suwannee	Florida	539	15	91	97	50	11	60.7	2.17
Taylor	Florida	219	6	73	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Union	Florida	234	7	145	153	50	17	66.8	2.39
Volusia	Florida	19951	559	232	260	50	29	78.6	2.81
Wakulla	Florida	636	18	33	24	50	3	52.6	1.88
Walton	Florida	3185	89	117	124	50	14	63.6	2.27
Washington	Florida	168	5	83	86	50	9	59.5	2.12
Baker	Georgia	143	4	97	75	50	8	58.3	2.08
Brantley	Georgia	586	16	231	215	50	24	73.7	2.63
Brooks	Georgia	554	16	83	67	50	7	57.4	2.05

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Georgia	243	7	130	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Camden	Georgia	1905	53	208	214	50	24	73.5	2.63
Charlton	Georgia	382	11	200	192	50	21	71.1	2.54
Clinch	Georgia	240	7	142	121	50	13	63.3	2.26
Colquitt	Georgia	1497	42	90	66	50	7	57.3	2.05
Cook	Georgia	571	16	119	83	50	9	59.1	2.11
Decatur	Georgia	977	27	52	42	50	5	54.6	1.95
Dougherty	Georgia	3091	87	133	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Early	Georgia	409	11	95	81	50	9	58.9	2.10
Echols	Georgia	182	5	130	114	50	13	62.5	2.23
Glynn	Georgia	2297	64	217	239	50	26	76.3	2.72
Grady	Georgia	853	24	55	32	50	4	53.5	1.91
Lanier	Georgia	288	8	101	85	50	9	59.4	2.12
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96	101	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
McIntosh	Georgia	416	12	247	263	50	29	78.9	2.82
Miller	Georgia	207	6	96	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Mitchell	Georgia	871	24	94	63	50	7	56.9	2.03
Pierce	Georgia	566	16	189	155	50	17	67.1	2.39
Seminole	Georgia	309	9	96	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Thomas	Georgia	1469	41	55	41	50	5	54.5	1.95
Ware	Georgia	1140	32	199	192	50	21	71.1	2.54
Wayne	Georgia	972	27	241	186	50	20	70.5	2.52

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Worth	Georgia	763	21	90	65	50	7	57.2	2.04
Henry	Alabama	209	6	115	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Houston	Alabama	246	7	96	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Geneva	Alabama	1342	38	90	110	50	12	62.1	2.22

Table 7-8. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a travel time of 2-hours).

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	4876	137	18	9.2	50	1	51.0	1.82
Baker	Florida	390	11	67	55	50	6	56.1	2.00
Bradford	Florida	258	7	51	37	50	4	54.1	1.93
Citrus	Florida	2704	76	95	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
Clay	Florida	3488	98	78	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Columbia	Florida	1765	49	52	51	50	6	55.6	1.99
Dixie	Florida	161	5	52	44	50	5	54.8	1.96
Duval	Florida	13689	383	76	63	50	7	56.9	2.03
Gilchrist	Florida	161	5	49	35	50	4	53.9	1.92
Hamilton	Florida	88	2	68	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Hernando	Florida	2341	66	119	109	50	12	62.0	2.21
Jefferson	Florida	265	7	95	105	50	12	61.6	2.20
Lafayette	Florida	153	4	83	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Lake	Florida	7256	203	99	99	50	11	60.9	2.17
Madison	Florida	372	10	95	105	50	12	61.6	2.20
Marion	Florida	3282	92	68	58	50	6	56.4	2.01
Nassau	Florida	1265	35	103	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
Putnam	Florida	817	23	72	56	50	6	56.2	2.01
St. Johns	Florida	4242	119	112	85	50	9	59.4	2.12
Sumter	Florida	1396	39	79	80	50	9	58.8	2.10
Suwannee	Florida	539	15	63	66	50	7	57.3	2.05

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Taylor	Florida	219	6	105	93	50	10	60.2	2.15
Union	Florida	234	7	62	47	50	5	55.2	1.97
Volusia	Florida	19951	559	120	111	50	12	62.2	2.22
Brooks	Georgia	554	16	109	116	50	13	62.8	2.24
Cook	Georgia	571	16	112	121	50	13	63.3	2.26
Echols	Georgia	182	5	100	90	50	10	59.9	2.14
Lanier	Georgia	288	8	91	99	50	11	60.9	2.17
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96	96	100	50	11	61.0	2.18

Table 7-9. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the GRU Deerhaven facility (within a travel time of 2-hours with competing demand).

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	4876	137	18	9.2	50	1	51.0	1.82
Citrus	Florida	2704	76	95	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
Dixie	Florida	161	5	52	44	50	5	54.8	1.96
Gilchrist	Florida	161	5	49	35	50	4	53.9	1.92
Hamilton	Florida	88	2	68	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Hernando	Florida	2341	66	119	109	50	12	62.0	2.21
Lafayette	Florida	153	4	83	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Lake	Florida	7256	203	99	99	50	11	60.9	2.17
Marion	Florida	3282	92	68	58	50	6	56.4	2.01
Putnam	Florida	817	23	72	56	50	6	56.2	2.01
Sumter	Florida	1396	39	79	80	50	9	58.8	2.10
Suwannee	Florida	539	15	63	66	50	7	57.3	2.05
Cook	Georgia	571	16	112	121	50	13	63.3	2.26
Lanier	Georgia	288	8	91	99	50	11	60.9	2.17
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96	96	100	50	11	61.0	2.18

Table 7-10. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the JAX Brandy Branch facility (within a travel time of 2-hours).

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Alachua	Florida	4876	137	69	53.5	50	6	55.9	2.00
Baker	Florida	390	11	23	23	50	3	52.5	1.88
Bradford	Florida	258	7	36	32	50	4	53.5	1.91
Clay	Florida	3488	98	50	44	50	5	54.8	1.96
Columbia	Florida	1765	49	50	48	50	5	55.3	1.97
Duval	Florida	13689	383	8	8	50	1	50.9	1.82
Flagler	Florida	4200	118	96	87	50	10	59.6	2.13
Gilchrist	Florida	161	5	100	100	50	11	61.0	2.18
Hamilton	Florida	88	2	76	73	50	8	58.0	2.07
Jefferson	Florida	265	7	98	110	50	12	62.1	2.22
Lafayette	Florida	153	4	105	96	50	11	60.6	2.16
Madison	Florida	372	10	98	110	50	12	62.1	2.22
Marion	Florida	3282	92	117	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Nassau	Florida	1265	35	33	25	50	3	52.8	1.88
Putnam	Florida	817	23	85	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
St. Johns	Florida	4242	119	67	65	50	7	57.2	2.04
Suwannee	Florida	539	15	66	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Union	Florida	234	7	34	28	50	3	53.1	1.90
Volusia	Florida	19951	559	101	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Brantley	Georgia	586	16	94	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Brooks	Georgia	554	16	112	120	50	13	63.2	2.26

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Camden	Georgia	1905	53	70	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Charlton	Georgia	382	11	69	50	50	6	55.5	1.98
Clinch	Georgia	240	7	113	88	50	10	59.7	2.13
Cook	Georgia	571	16	118	127	50	14	64.0	2.28
Echols	Georgia	182	5	93	78	50	9	58.6	2.09
Glynn	Georgia	2297	64	86	91	50	10	60.0	2.14
Lanier	Georgia	288	8	94	104	50	11	61.4	2.19
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96	102	106	50	12	61.7	2.20
McIntosh	Georgia	416	12	109	108	50	12	61.9	2.21
Pierce	Georgia	566	16	107	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Ware	Georgia	1140	32	69	50	50	6	55.5	1.98
Wayne	Georgia	972	27	121	93	50	10	60.2	2.15
Worth	Georgia	763	21	155	147	50	16	66.2	2.36

Table 7-11. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the JAX Brandy Branch facility (within a travel time of 2-hours with competing demand).

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Baker	Florida	390	11	23	23	50	3	52.5	1.88
Bradford	Florida	258	7	36	32	50	4	53.5	1.91
Clay	Florida	3488	98	50	44	50	5	54.8	1.96
Columbia	Florida	1765	49	50	48	50	5	55.3	1.97
Duval	Florida	13689	383	8	8	50	1	50.9	1.82
Flagler	Florida	4200	118	96	87	50	10	59.6	2.13
Nassau	Florida	1265	35	33	25	50	3	52.8	1.88
St. Johns	Florida	4242	119	67	65	50	7	57.2	2.04
Union	Florida	234	7	34	28	50	3	53.1	1.90
Volusia	Florida	19951	559	101	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Brantley	Georgia	586	16	94	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Camden	Georgia	1905	53	70	60	50	7	56.6	2.02
Charlton	Georgia	382	11	69	50	50	6	55.5	1.98
Clinch	Georgia	240	7	113	88	50	10	59.7	2.13
Echols	Georgia	182	5	93	78	50	9	58.6	2.09
Glynn	Georgia	2297	64	86	91	50	10	60.0	2.14
McIntosh	Georgia	416	12	109	108	50	12	61.9	2.21
Pierce	Georgia	566	16	107	92	50	10	60.1	2.15
Ware	Georgia	1140	32	69	50	50	6	55.5	1.98
Wayne	Georgia	972	27	121	93	50	10	60.2	2.15
Worth	Georgia	763	21	155	147	50	16	66.2	2.36

Table 7-12. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a travel time of 2-hours).

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	574	16.1	9	4	50	0	50.4	1.80
Columbia	Florida	1765	49.4	108	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Dixie	Florida	161	4.5	118	114	50	13	62.5	2.23
Franklin	Florida	129	3.6	99	72	50	8	57.9	2.07
Gadsden	Florida	479	13.4	31	24	50	3	52.6	1.88
Hamilton	Florida	88	2.5	110	106	50	12	61.7	2.20
Holmes	Florida	315	8.8	66	91	50	10	60.0	2.14
Jackson	Florida	1161	32.5	90	86	50	9	59.5	2.12
Jefferson	Florida	265	7.4	52	53	50	6	55.8	1.99
Lafayette	Florida	153	4.3	111	102	50	11	61.2	2.19
Leon	Florida	8971	251.2	23	11	50	1	51.2	1.83
Liberty	Florida	34	0.9	46	33	50	4	53.6	1.92
Madison	Florida	372	10.4	52	53	50	6	55.8	1.99
Suwannee	Florida	539	15.1	91	97	50	11	60.7	2.17
Taylor	Florida	219	6.1	73	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Wakulla	Florida	636	17.8	33	24	50	3	52.6	1.88
Walton	Florida	3185	89.2	117	124	50	14	63.6	2.27
Washington	Florida	168	4.7	83	86	50	9	59.5	2.12
Baker	Georgia	143	4.0	97	75	50	8	58.3	2.08
Brooks	Georgia	554	15.5	83	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Colquitt	Georgia	1497	41.9	90	66	50	7	57.3	2.05
Cook	Georgia	571	16.0	119	83	50	9	59.1	2.11

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Decatur	Georgia	977	27.4	52	42	50	5	54.6	1.95
Early	Georgia	409	11.4	95	81	50	9	58.9	2.10
Grady	Georgia	853	23.9	55	32	50	4	53.5	1.91
Lanier	Georgia	288	8.1	101	85	50	9	59.4	2.12
Lowndes	Georgia	3428	96.0	101	79	50	9	58.7	2.10
Miller	Georgia	207	5.8	96	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Mitchell	Georgia	871	24.4	94	63	50	7	56.9	2.03
Seminole	Georgia	309	8.7	96	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Thomas	Georgia	1469	41.1	55	41	50	5	54.5	1.95
Worth	Georgia	763	21.4	90	65	50	7	57.2	2.04
Henry	Alabama	209	5.8	115	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Houston	Alabama	246	6.9	96	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Geneva	Alabama	1342	37.6	90	110	50	12	62.1	2.22

Table 7-13. Delivered cost for waste tires used as a fuel source for the TAL Hopkins facility (within a travel time of 2-hours with competing demand).

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Calhoun	Florida	574	16.1	9	4	50	0	50.4	1.80
Franklin	Florida	129	3.6	99	72	50	8	57.9	2.07
Gadsden	Florida	479	13.4	31	24	50	3	52.6	1.88
Holmes	Florida	315	8.8	66	91	50	10	60.0	2.14
Jackson	Florida	1161	32.5	90	86	50	9	59.5	2.12
Jefferson	Florida	265	7.4	52	53	50	6	55.8	1.99
Leon	Florida	8971	251.2	23	11	50	1	51.2	1.83
Liberty	Florida	34	0.9	46	33	50	4	53.6	1.92
Madison	Florida	372	10.4	52	53	50	6	55.8	1.99
Taylor	Florida	219	6.1	73	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Wakulla	Florida	636	17.8	33	24	50	3	52.6	1.88
Walton	Florida	3185	89.2	117	124	50	14	63.6	2.27
Washington	Florida	168	4.7	83	86	50	9	59.5	2.12
Baker	Georgia	143	4.0	97	75	50	8	58.3	2.08
Brooks	Georgia	554	15.5	83	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Colquitt	Georgia	1497	41.9	90	66	50	7	57.3	2.05
Decatur	Georgia	977	27.4	52	42	50	5	54.6	1.95
Early	Georgia	409	11.4	95	81	50	9	58.9	2.10
Grady	Georgia	853	23.9	55	32	50	4	53.5	1.91
Miller	Georgia	207	5.8	96	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Mitchell	Georgia	871	24.4	94	63	50	7	56.9	2.03

County	State	Waste Tires (tons/yr)	Energy Equivalent (BBtu/yr)	Travel time (minutes)	Distance (miles)	Processing Cost (\$/ton)	Transportation Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/ton)	Delivered Cost (\$/MMBtu)
Seminole	Georgia	309	8.7	96	67	50	7	57.4	2.05
Thomas	Georgia	1469	41.1	55	41	50	5	54.5	1.95
Worth	Georgia	763	21.4	90	65	50	7	57.2	2.04
Henry	Alabama	209	5.8	115	112	50	12	62.3	2.23
Houston	Alabama	246	6.9	96	71	50	8	57.8	2.06
Geneva	Alabama	1342	37.6	90	110	50	12	62.1	2.22

8. SUMMARY

Research was conducted to explore the use of alternative sources of fuel from the municipal solid waste stream as a partial replacement of fossil fuel. In this project waste components from the municipal solid waste (MSW) and construction and demolition debris (C&D) were identified for their potential to be used as a fuel source for energy production. Four major waste streams were identified and detailed analysis was performed on these potential waste stream candidates. These include C&D wood, processed MSW (and RDF), yard trash and waste tires.

The results suggest that these waste streams have the potential to be used as a fuel source in the project region. A good volume of sustainable supply of these waste streams is available for the plants using them. The major cost fraction was identified as being the processing costs. The issue of treated wood making its way to the C&D wood waste or the yard waste stream is one of the concerns for its use, as the metals in contaminated wood will get concentrated in the ash. Waste tires with a very high calorific value are a good candidate for use as fuel.

9. LITERATURE CITED AND RELATED READING MATERIALS

- Adolfson Associates, Inc., Adolfson Associates, Inc., in association with Kim Coble, "Tire fire contingency plan - toxicology aspects," prepared for Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department, Tacoma, WA, September 1994.
- Albertson, M.; Pruden, A.; and Oliver R. "Enhanced anaerobic digestion of biomass waste for optimized production of renewable energy and solids for compost" International Congress Series, 2006, 1293, 221– 229.
- Allen, J.; and Browne, M. "Logistics management and costs of biomass fuel supply" International Journal of Physical Distribution & Logistics Management, 1998, 28(6), 463-477.
- Am Test, Inc., 1991. Am Test, Inc., "Source emission evaluation, volume I - State of Washington, Department of Ecology, rubber tire chip trial burn at Holnam Incorporated Industries Stack Testing & Chemical Analysis, October 15-19, 1990," January 23, 1991.
- Baggio, P.; Baratieri, M.; Gasparella, A.; and Longo, G. "Energy and environmental analysis of an innovative system based on municipal solid waste (msw) pyrolysis and combined cycle" Applied Thermal Engineering, 2007 (Accepted Menu Script) – DOI - 10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2007.03.028
- Bridgwater, A.; Toft, A.; and Brammer, G. "A techno-economic comparison of power production by biomass fast pyrolysis with gasification and combustion" Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2002, 6, 181–248.
- Brown, M.; and Buranakarn, V. Resources, "Emergy indices and ratios for sustainable material cycles and recycle options". Conservation and Recycling, 2003, 38, 1-22.
- Chaya, W.; and Gheewala, S. "Life cycle assessment of MSW-to-energy schemes in Thailand" Journal of Cleaner Production, 2007, 15, 1463-1468.
- Clark, et al., 1991. C. Clark, K. Meardon, and D. Russell, Pacific Environmental Services, "Burning tires for fuel and tire pyrolysis: Air implications" prepared for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Control Technology Center, EPA-450/3-91-024 (NTIS PB-92-145358), Research Triangle Park, NC, December 1991.
- Cochran, K.; Townsend, T.; Reinhart, D.; and Heck, H. "Estimation of regional building-related C&D debris generation and composition: Case study for Florida, US" Waste Management, 2007, 27, 921–931.
- Consonni, S.; Giugliano, M.; and Grosso M. "Alternative strategies for energy recovery from municipal solid waste Part A: Mass and energy balances" Waste Management, 2005, 25, 123–135.
- Consonni, S.; Giugliano, M.; and Grosso M. "Alternative strategies for energy recovery from municipal solid waste Part B: Emission and cost estimates" Waste Management, 2005, 25, 137–148.
- Corti, A.; and Lombardi, L. "End life tires: Alternative final disposal processes compared by LCA" Energy, 2004, 29, 2089–2108.

- Demirbas, A. "Biomass resources facilities and biomass conversion processing for fuels and chemicals" *Energy Conservation and Management*, 2001, 42, 1357-1378.
- Dennis, 1991. Daniel Dennis, "TDF - Report on test-burning of tire-derived fuel in solid fuel combustors, revision 2," source test of Monsanto K. G. Krummrich Plant, Sauget, IL, prepared for Illinois Department of Commerce and Community Affairs, July 22, 1991.
- Di Maria, F.; and Pavesi, G. "RDF to energy plant for a central Italian region SUW management system: Energetic and economical analysis" *Applied Thermal Engineering*, 2006, 26, 1291–1300.
- Duerr, M.; Gair, S.; Cruden, A.; and McDonald, J. "Hydrogen and electrical energy from organic waste treatment" *International Journal of Hydrogen Energy*, 2007, 32, 705 – 709.
- Faaij, A. "Bio-energy in Europe: Changing technology choices" *Energy Policy*, 2006, 34, 322–342.
- Fernando, S.; Adhikari, S.; Chandrapal, C.; and Murali, N. "Biorefineries: Current status, challenges, and future direction" *Energy & Fuels*, 2006, 20, 1727-1737.
- Fobil, J.; Carboo, D.; and Armah, N. "Evaluation of municipal solid wastes (MSW) for utilization in energy production in developing countries" *International Journal of Environmental Technology and Management*, 2005, 5(1), 76-86.
- Giugliano, M.; Grossi, M.; and Rigamonti, L. "Energy recovery from municipal waste: A case study for a middle-sized Italian district" *Waste Management*, 2007, (in press).
- IAFC and STMC, 1992. International Association of Fire Chiefs and the Scrap Tire Management Council, "Guidelines for the prevention and management of scrap tire fires" Scrap Tire Management Council, Washington, D.C.
- Igoni, A.; Ayotamuno, M.; Ogaji, S.; and Probert, S. "Municipal solid-waste in Port Harcourt, Nigeria" *Applied Energy*, 2007, 84, 664–670.
- Jambeck, J.; Weitz, K.; Solo-Gabriele, H.; Townsend, T.; and Thorneloe, S. "CCA-treated wood disposed in landfills and life-cycle trade-offs with waste-to-energy and MSW landfill disposal". *Waste Management*, 2007, 27, S21-S28.
- Jang, J.; Yoo, T.; Oh, J.; and Iwasaki, I. Resources, "Discarded tire recycling practices in the United States, Japan and Korea" *Conservation and Recycling*, 1998, 22, 1–14.
- Joel I. Reisman, Paul M. Lemieux. "Air emissions from scrap tire combustion" U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, October, 1997.
- Jones, 1990. R.M. Jones, J.M. Kennedy, Jr., and N.L. Heberer, "Supplementary firing of tire-derived fuel (TDF) in a combination fuel boiler". *TAPPI Journal*, May 1990.
- Katinas, V.; Markevicius, A.; and Kavaliauskas, A. "Current status and prospects of biomass resources for energy production in Lithuania". *Renewable Energy*, 2007, 32, 884–894.
- Kaylen, M. "An economic analysis of using alternative fuels in a mass burn boiler". *Bioresource Technology*, 2005, 96, 1943–1949.
- Lee, D.; and Tay, J. "Energy recovery in sludge management processes" *Journal of Residuals Science & Technology*, 2004, 1(2), 133-139.

- Lemieux and DeMarini, 1992. P. M. Lemieux and D. DeMarini, "Mutagenicity of emissions from the simulated open burning of scrap rubber tires," U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Control Technology Center, Office of Research and Development, EPA-600/R-92-127 (NTIS PB-92-217009), July 1992.
- Lemieux, 1994. P.M. Lemieux, "Pilot-scale evaluation of the potential for emissions of hazardous air pollutants from combustion of tire-derived fuel," U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Control Technology Center, EPA-600/R-94-070 (NTIS PB-94-169463), April 1994
- Lemieux, and Ryan, 1993. P. M. Lemieux and J. V. Ryan, "Characterization of air pollutants emitted from a simulated scrap tire fire," Journal of the Air and Waste Management Association, 1993, 43, 1106-1115.
- Luoranen, M.; and Horttanainen, M. "Co-generation based energy recovery from municipal solid waste integrated with the existing energy supply system" Waste Management, 2007, (in press).
- Malcolm Pirnie, 1991. Malcolm Pirnie, Inc., "Air emissions associated with the combustion of scrap tires for energy recovery," prepared for Ohio Air Quality Development Authority, May 1991.
- McGowin, C.; and Wiltsee, G. "Strategic analysis of biomass and waste fuels for electric power generation" Biomass and Bioenergy, 1996, 10(2/3), 167-175.
- Murphy, J.; and McKeogh, E. "The benefits of integrated treatment of wastes for the production of energy" Energy, 2006, 31, 294–310.
- Murphy, J.D.; and Power, N. "A technical, economic, and environmental analysis of energy production from newspaper in Ireland" Waste Management, 2007, 27, 177–192.
- P.M.Lemieux and J.V.Ryan. "Characterization of air pollutants emitted from a simulated scrap tire fire" Journal of the Air and Waste Management Association, 1993, 43, 1106-1115.
- Pace, 1990. Pace Laboratories, Incorporated, "Results for the March 12-16, 1990 Tire 43 Derived Fuel Trial Burn Testing on the Unit 3 Stack at the Champion International Corporation Facility Located in Sartell, Minnesota," Minneapolis, MN, May 24, 1990.
- Reddy, S.; Basha, S.; Joshi, H.; Sravan Kumar, V.; Jha, B.; and Ghosh, P. "Modeling the energy content of combustible ship-scraping waste at Alang–Sosiya, India, using multiple regression analysis" Waste Management, 2005, 25, 747–754.
- Ryan, 1989. J. Ryan, Acurex Corporation, "Characterization of emissions from the simulated open burning of scrap tires," U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Control Technology Center, EPA-600/2-89-054 (NTIS PB-90-126004), Research Triangle Park, NC, October 1989.
- Schmidt, J.; Holm, P.; Merrild, A.; and Christensen, P. "Life cycle assessment of the waste hierarchy – A Danish case study on waste paper" Waste Management, 2007, 27(11), 1519-1530.
- Sharma, V.; Fortuna, F.; Mincarini, M.; Berillo, M.; and Cornacchia, G. "Disposal of waste tyres for energy recovery and safe environment" Applied Energy, 2000, 65, 381-394.

- Sharma, V.; Mincarini, M.; Fortuna, F.; Cognini, F.; and Cornacchia, G. "Disposal of waste tyres for energy recovery and safe environment - Review" Energy Conversion & Management, 1998, 39(5/6), 511-528.
- State of Washington, 1986c. State of Washington, Department of Ecology, "Measurement of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons and metals emitted from the burning of tires at Crown Zellerbach, Port Angeles, Source Test 86-10a," November 25, 1986.
- Sufian, M.; and Bala, B. "Modelling of electrical energy recovery from urban solid waste system: The case of Dhaka city" Renewable Energy, 2006, 31, 1573–1580.
- Swami, S.; and Abraham, M. "Integrated catalytic process for conversion of biomass to hydrogen" Energy & Fuels, 2006, 20, 2616-2622.
- Themelis, N.; and Millrath, K. "The benefits of integrated treatment of wastes for the production of energy" 12th North American Waste to Energy Conference.
- Vaidyanathan, A.; Mulholland, J.; Ryu, J.; Smith, M.; and Circeo, L. Jr. "Characterization of fuel gas products from the treatment of solid waste streams with a plasma arc torch" Journal of Environmental Management, 2007, 82, 77–82.
- Van Wyk. "Biodevelopment of wastepaper as a resource of renewable energy: Influence of enzyme concentration and paper amount on the bioconversion process" Journal of Energy & Fuels 2002, 16, 1277-1279.
- Wolsky, A.; and Gaines, L. "DISCARDED TIRES - A potential source of hydrocarbons to displace petroleum" Resources and Energy, 1981, 3, 195-206.
- Woolridge, A.; Ward, G.; Phillips, P.; Collins, M.; and Gandy, S. "Life cycle assessment for reuse/recycling of donated waste textiles compared to use of virgin material: An UK energy saving perspective" Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 2006, 46, 94–103.
- Yang, Y.; Phan, A.; Ryu, C.; Sharifi, V.; and Swindenbank, J. "Mathematical modelling of slow pyrolysis of segregated solid wastes in a packed-bed pyrolyser" Fuel, 2007, 86, 169–180.